# PARAPHRASE:

OR,

LARGE EXPLICATORY POEM

UPON THE

# Song of Solomon.

WHEREIN

The mutual love of Christ and his Church, contained in that Old Testament Song, is imitated in the Language of the New Testament, and adapted to the Gospel dispensation.

By the late Reverend
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A NEW EDITION.

BERWICK:
PRINTED BY W. PHORSON

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## PREFACE

### TOTHE

Curious and Serious Readers.

### CURIOUS READER;

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T Do not propose by the following lines to fatif-I fy your curiofity, any further than by a plain explication of this fcriptural Song, in a way adapted to the New Testament dispensation : and perhaps you will be at no loss, if you find the equity of the paraphrase, even where you mis the elegancy of the poem; or if you find any precious truth to edify your foul, though you should mifs a pompous embellishment to gratify your fancy. If I had been of the opinion that no poem fhould fee the light, but fuch as has the name of fome great and famous poet prefixed to it, and could reasonably expect the universal applause of a learned age. I would never have confented to the publication of this, in a day wherein the art of poely is improved to fuch a great perfection by fome, whose bright genius has made them capable to fer forth their poetical productions in a

very.

very beautiful and splendid dress. If I thought that nothing now cast into the mould of metre could be useful and edifying, but what is superlatively fine, I would have been quite discouraged from this attempt: but to be of this mind were in effect to think, there could be no wholefome food but what is presented in a lordly dish : no good lodging in any house, but such as were built by some curious mechanic, or famous architeet; nor convenient accommodation in any room or chamber, but fuch as are, finely painted, or hung around with very neat arras. How few would there be to fight for their country, if none were allowed to do fo, but mighty heroes, great champions, and fuch as are head and shoulders higher than others? How many must go naked, if no clothing were allowed but filk and fattin, and rich embroideries? It will be hard to perfuade the world, that none should write or make use of a pen, but such as can imitate the finest copper-plate; or that none should open their mouth to fpeak above their breath, but fuch as can equal the finest orator.

But though in this effay I pretend not to act the part of the lofty poet, yet I have endeavoured that what I hope is obvious to the vulgar, and not above their view, may be at the fame time not nauseous to the polite, nor below their view, if they are such as can lay aside the sullen air of criticism. Those, to whom no plain serious gospel-truths can give any satisfaction, and to whom nothing else but slowers of wit, and slights of rhetoric can give delight, do perhaps too much bewray their ignorance of pious pleasures. The soul may be miserably hungred and starved, where the fancy is only pleased and feasted. And hence I look upon it as a most candid and ingenious acknow-

acknowledgement of a famous and religious poet> in the preface to his excellent hymns and spiritual fongs, fpeaking of some of them; "I confels myself, fays he, to have been too oft tempt. ed away from the more spiritual designs I proo posed, by some gay and slowery expressions " that gratified the fancy; the bright images too oft pevailed above the fire of divine affection, " and the light exceded the heat." Now, though I own that the defect of my poetical talent might lead me to an acknowledgement of a quite other nature, being fensible how much every paragraph here despairs of giving much delight to the fancy with many bright embellishments of poetry; yet the great scarcity of these may have this great advantage, that here there are few such beautiful flowers or bright images to tempt any man away from the spiritual design, or fo to gratify the fancy, as to prevail above the fire of divine affection, that should burn in the heart with a heat equal to the light. Not that I am disobliged with the gay and flowery expresfrom in this and other valuable authors, whereby they are fo apt to be a temptation to themselves and their readers, even in their spiritual fongs :: for I must confess they have been oft fo tempt. ing and alluring to myfelf, that as I have frequently both here and elsewhere effayed to imitate them, by adopting some of their delicious metaphors: fo I would certainly have run into the fame fault, if I had been endued with the fame genius: only I may infer from the fore; faid confession, that poems upon divine subjects, which afford not a train of thole gay temptations that bewitch the fancy and divert the imagination, may upon this account be at least, not the A . 3

less sitted for advancing spiritual designs and di-

I am not here to make any apology for the metre, though some may judge that in this effay. I have studied rhyme as well as poefy. I know that there may be good music and measure without the gingle of a crambo: and that it is a great weakness to humour the found, so as to darkenthe fense. I own, my difficulty never lay much in fludying the crambo, with the even cadency; for these, if they be any parts or properties of poely, occurred natively enough, without much. thought: and perhaps it would have been a fault to have flighted the rhyme defignedly in a composure of this fort, fitted for the religious recreation of ferious Christians; especially when I find the forementioned eminent poet (by whose remarks, of which I had a little specimen, perhaps the following sheets had been better polished for the public, had his circumstances allowed a more close and full review thereof) in his hymns, page 194. by a marginal note, I find him, I fay, "hoping, the reader will of forgive the neglect of rhyme even in the 1st " and 3d lines of the flanza throughout fome "following pages;" which supposes it may be a fault, in his opinion, not to humour the metre in essays of this nature. But, if any think I have done it too much, all I can accuse myself of, is only that I did not neglect the rhyme when words favouring it appeared to me as opposite to the purpose as others, and the low genius afforded no better.

I am forry for your fake curious reader, that precious truth is here fet before you in such a course garb; but, if you attend to the matter, it will, as I said, be no loss to you, that you have

not here many artful embroideries. I do not indeed think that facred truth can be fet off in too comely a drefs, no more than I think that the Holy Bible can be printed in too fine a type: but if every page and passage thereof were illuminate: or adorned with fine cuts, I suppose this would do more harm than good, and be more diverting; than edifying.

I should be glad to see this facred book painted forth in more lively, pure, and spiritual colours, than it can appear into, in this homely essay; however, if the picture here be but just, you will perhaps be much obliged to a genius that could not set it within a curiously gilded frame to dis-

vert your eye from it.

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But when you hear of the fpirituality and religious design of this poem, and that (and may. thew in the other part of the preface) the subject: thereof, is not the fair Circaffian, but the fair Christian, and his infinitely fairer head and husband Jesus Christ: though the theme be more noble in itself, and more needful to be read and confidered, than all the wanton fonnets in the world, however artfully trimmed; yet I am afraid this subject be thought, so jejune, infipid, and unfashionable, that it is impossible after you have fatisfied your curiofity, fo far as to glance: over a few lines of this book, you may throw it: afide like an old almanac, and foon give your judgement pro or con; and this is all the poor profit and advantage you hall get by it, if you remain always more curious than ferious. And, fince I have done with you, I shall apply myself, to these to whom this little estay will readily be more welcome and acceptable.

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### SERIOUS READER;

HOUGH it is especially for your spiritual edification and comfort, I have effayed in this manner to explain and open up the gospel that is contained in this facred fong; yet I de-fign not to fay one word in your commendation of this poem upon it, nor does it deferve I should if it cannot thro' the bleffing of God commend itself to your heart and experience. But if your are exercifed unto godlinets, and acquainted with the fweet life of fellowship and communion with our Lord Jesus Chrift, I hope you shall here see a picture and representation both of his heart: towards you, and of your heart towards him : and a portraiture of the sweetest experience of intimacy with heaven, that the bride of Christ. can have upon earth. And I judge that a fong upon this subject is not unseasonable amidft these evil days, wherein the fongs of the temple are like to be turned into howlings, and wherein the bride, the Lamb's wife, is ready to hang her harp upon the willows. How defireable were it. if this little book might prove a mean for helping her to fing away her forrows, and to harmonize: with the design of that precious promise, Hof ii. 15. " I will give her the valley of Achor for a " door of hope, and the thall fing there." To drive away the night of trouble, with fongs of praife, would be a work and exercise most suitable to that gracious name our Lord takes to himfelf, Job xxxv. 10. "God our Maker, who give " eth fongs in the night." " at all

We have a divine precept, perhaps too much forgotten and neglected even among the ferious, Eph. v. 18, 19...... Be filled with the Spirit, feeking to yourfelves in pfalms and hymns, and spiritual songs, singing and making melody

" in your heart to the Lord;" and. Col. iii. 16. "Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly " in all wisdom : teaching and admonishing one " another in plalms, and hymns, and spiritual " fongs, finging with grace in your hearts to the "Lord." And how we are toffing, we are further taught, not only by the apostle's example. L Cor. xiv. 15. " I will fing with the fpirit; and " I will fing with the understanding also;" but likewise by an express divine apointment, Pfal. alvii. 6, 7. where the command to fing is repeated five times in a breath, " Sing prailes to God, fing praifes: fing praifes to our king, fing " praifes. Sing ye praifes with understanding." Now, this facred fong of Solomon being very mysterious and metaphorical, that you may be the more able to fing it over with understanding and judgement, I have endeavoured to lay open the mysteries and metaphors thereof to your view.

I have defignedly cast this book into the mould. of common metre; because it was intended especially for the use of serious Christians in this part of the island; so in case any of them should. fee fit to make fome of these lines a part of their spiritual and devout recreation in secret, they might, if they pleafe, fing them over in any of the tunes to which they are accustomed inour Scots churches, where none but the common: tunes are uled. And in the whole I am fo far from attempting to foar aloft above your capacity, that wherever I have been obliged to use any words (fuch as prolific, mellifluous, &c. which I reckon are not so obvious to the understanding: of the vulgar, I have explained them at the foot of the page, and hope it is but very feldom any fuch words occur to cloud and darken the

fense to you.

I know that this facred book of fcripture wherein the sweetest and noblest instances of the grace of Christ toward his church and people are represented under the figure of a conjugal state, has been greatly prophanded by impure writers, who have used or rather abused their poetical art to the gratifying of carnal minds; and profituting this holy divine fong to the most unholy ends. I have therefore endeavoured in this paraphrale fo to open the import of every metaphor, as to fecure it from being perverted and abused to wanton passions, which; I hope, shall find no handle here by any mode of expression tending to divert the mind from the sprituality of the theme. The composure upon every text here is fuch, as I think, without great violence done to it, can never be applied to any lovers inferior to that glorious bridegroom the Lamb of God, and the bride the Lamb's wife, as the church is defigned; Rev. xxi. or

I thought it needless here in a presatory way; to offer you a key for opening this song, since this has been done so oft and so well already by others, and particularly Durham's book upon it, which is so common among many hands; I refer the reader to his Clavis cantici, prefixed to that book. Mr. Henry says, The best key for opening this book is the xivth psalm, which we find applied to Christ in the New Testament. And it seems the more sit this book be now opened in a way suited to that dispensation, since Christ is more frequently and clearly represented in the New Testament, than in the Old, as the Brides groom of his church and people; for which I might multiply instances, were it needful.

The objections of adversaries against the divinity of this book are but weak and trisling, while we are confirmed in the faith of its divine extraction and spritual application to the marriage between Christ and his church, by the antient, constant, and concurring testimony both of the Jewish and Christian church. And hence, tho' to carnal minds, it is a flower out of which they have extracted poison; yet, to those that are spiritual, it is sweeter than the honey and the honey comb; insomuch that some have made it the mark and characteristic of a saint, to find and experience the spiritual relie and quickning savour of this part of

scripture.

Profane wits, who ridicule this lofty anthem as a carnal epithalamium or marriage fong, feem to be at a non-plus, whether to apply it to Solomon's marriage with the Egyptian princess, or a Circasfian dame; but they must be yet at a greater loss what to make of some compliments and commendations given to Solmon's bride, if they were to be properly, and not figuratively, understood. For how monstruous and ridiculous were it to describe her as having " an head like Carmel, teeth " like a flock of sneep, a nose like the tower of " Lebanon looking toward Damascus, and terrible "like an army with banners?" And, if Solomon's chariot were to be understood properly and ma-terially, of what matter would they suppose it to be made, when the midst of it is faid to be paved with love? Or, if love be no material thing, how shall it be a material chariot? But this facred fong is not the worfe, because profane and wanton wits abuse it, and endeavour to fasten their absurd and obscene senses upon some passages of it. It requires indeed, as interpreters acknowledge, a fober and pious, not a foolish and lascivious reader. It breaths forth the hottest flames of love between Christ and his people, and has in all ages of the church been most sweet, comfortable, and useful to all that have read it with ferious and spiritual eyes. eyes. One of the fathers (Athanasius) comparing this fong with other fcriptures of the Old Teltament, fays, it is like John the Baptist among the prophets: other scriptures speak of Christ as coming, and afar off; this speaks of him, and to him, as already come, and near-hand; fo familiar and prefent is he here represented both to the faith and fenfe of his people. Zanchius makes this fone a comend and copy of the spiritual massiage with Christ. And another great divine (Bod. in Eph.) calls it ipfius fidei & religionis Christiane medulla, the very marrow and fubstance of faith and Christianity itself. And therefore I hope it will not be reckoned an unprofitable work or fervice to open up in a homely poely, funk to the level of vulgar capacities, the great gospel-mysteries contained in this allegorical fcripture, and in a strain suited

to the New-Testament dispensation.

This effay, ferious reader, being the fruit of some study and application only at leifure hours, is on this account, the work of feveral years; and though occasions had allowed yet the nature of the study, however pleasant in itself, was more fevere both to body and mind, than to have allowed a continued progress in it without many intermissions till it was finished. Some parts of this composure being therefore at some years distance from other parts of it, it is possible some differning and judicious readers will observe that some of the texts and chapters are explained with more life and accuracy than others; which may be eafily accounted for, by every one who knows that the vein of poely and frame of spirit is subject to various alterations higher or lower, at different times. The greatest defect I have here found myself to labour under, was with reference especially to that spirituality of frame, heavenliness of mind, and close communion with Christ Christ, that an essay to open this sacred divine song required; since in it the believer's most intimate fellowship with this glorious Bridegroom is represented under so many sigurative expressions. However, it has been my earnest defire sometimes, that my labour in this might not be in vain in the Lord, but that it might contribute, through the divine blessing, to the instruction, edification, and comfort of the Lord's people, especially such as have sittle access to read large Comments upon this sacred song; and particularly those of the congregation which I have so long had a special concern in, and in relation to, and to whom I have but very seldom preached upon texts in this book of the Song of Solamon.

It must be owned, there are great depths in this allegorical feripture, the letter whereof kills thefe that rest in that, and look no further ; but the fpirit thereof giveth life, 2 Cor. iii. 6. John vi. 63.; and that it requires great pains and caution to point out the meaning of the Holy Ghost, in every part of this poetical book, and in applying the figures and fimiles therein to the leveral graces and virtues of the Bridegroom and the Bride; and therefore I have not admitted of any private thought or imagination of mine own in the interpretation of this noble part of holy scripture, without observing my view thereof to be agreeable with the judgment of found commentators upon it. Though they could afford me little help, as to the form, yet from them I willingly collected materials. Nor did I venture to make a paraphrase upon any one verse here, till I had once confulted them, and was fatisfied that I should not deviate from the current of orthodox writers, their judgment upon it, of which you have here a fum. Though yet the paraphrase is the longer, that I have not only enlarged most upon these places that I reckoned were most emphatical, but also touched at the connection of one verse and purpose with another, where I thought it was necessary for the illustration of the scope. Nor have I passed over any one verse however more courtly treated than others, without giving fome plain view of the meaning, and import of it. And if more feem to be faid upon any verse in this Song than is directly imported in it. I hope it will be reckoned no great fault, if what is faid be evidently deducible from it, or necessary for the further explication of it, and for adapting this paraphrase upon an Old Teltament fong, to a New Testament dispensation. Besides, the sense being cramped and contracted within the narrow bonds of common metre, has fometimes made the repetition (though not of words, yet) of matter unavoidable and though every explication is but an amplified circumlocution, yet I have used as few repetitions as could confift with my defign of conveying a clear idea of the meaning.

I thought fit to fet down the scripture text at large before the paraphrase, partly that every one even of those who would hardly be at the pains to consult their Bibles, might have an opportunity to compare the text and the paraphrase together: and partly that there might be occasion to mark upon the margin some of the different readings that the original text admits of, which I endea-

your also not to neglect in the paraphrase.

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### PARAPHRASE;

### Explicatory POEM,



Verse 1. The song of songs which is Solomon's.

HE choice of anthems \* exquisite, From Solomon's facred pen. Which doth to heavenly love excite The fouls of holy men.

Its characters divine evince, And evidently clear, A wifer king, a greater prince, Than Solomon is here.

Who from above did animate And with celeftial flame Inspire the fong to equal that Of Mofes and the Lamb

This to the Lamb's fair bride belongs; To found on all her strings

Songs.

With tuneful harp the fong of fongs.

To Christ the King of kings.

### The CHURCH's WORDS.

Verse 2. Let bim kiss me with the kisses of his mouth: for thy love \* is better than wine.

Let him who in my room and place
Did act the kindest part,
The love of God, the Prince of peace,
The victor of my heart.

With sweet endearments from above
Let him my soul embrace;
To shew my intrest in his love,
And manifest his grace.

With bleffings of thy mouth divine
O may I favour'd be!
More precious is thy love than wine,
More sweet than life to me.

I was among the traitrous crew

Doom'd to eternal fire,

When he, to pay the ransom, flew,

On wings of strong desire,

Jesus the God with naked arms,
Hangs on a cross and dies,
Then mounts the throne with mighty charms
T' embrace me from the skies.

His mouth delicious, Heav'n reveals:
His kiffes from above.

<sup>\*</sup> Hebrew, thy loves.

Are pardons, promifes, and feals Of everlasting love.

Verse 3. Because of the savour of thy good ointments, thy name is as ointment poured forth, therefore do the virgins love thee.

The oil of gladness and of grace.

On thee pour'd largely forth,

Does spread around in ev'ry place,

Thy savour and thy worth.

Along such odour fends,
That hence from virgin souls a slame
Of holy love ascends.

Thy love to them, thus shed abroad
So much enslames their heart
With love to thee, that thou their God
Their darling also art.

O fav'ry names! the Prophet kind,
Anointed to instruct,
Who by his counsel leads the blind,
To glory will conduct.

The plea before the throne.

Th' anointed King, to bear the fway,
And dash the rebel foes,

To make the feeble win the day'
Tho' death and hell oppose.

B.3

Each

Each virgin-tongue with pleasure sings.
Thy lasting honours, thus;

"Jesus our Prophet ever brings."
The light of life to us.

"Jesus our Priest for ever lives "To plead for us above.

"Jesus our King for ever gives "The blessings of his love."

Verse 4. Draw me, we will run after thee.

No strength to come to thee have I,

Yea, Lord, no will to move;

Till pow'r divine my bonds untie,

And draw with cords of love.

O draw me, Jesus, by the grace,

Allure me by thy charms; Then we will run to thine embrace, And flee into thine arms,

My zeal will other fouls excite

When I am drawn to thee;

With virgin faints will finners meet,

And run along with me.

- The king bath brought me into his chambers ? we will be glad and rejoice in thee,-

Anon my cry did hear:

Me to his presence chamber brought.

And kindly drew me near.

Then ev'ry thing that did annoy, ... While I his absence mourn'd,

So quickly vanish'd into joy, My grief to gladness turn'd.

We'll now exult in thee, O King, With holy cheerfulness;

Our hearts will joy, our lips will fing, Our lives will praise express.

-We will remember thy love more than wine: the upright love thee,

Our grateful mem'ries will record: This matchless love of thine.

And keep the relish thereof, Lord, Beyond the richest wine.

Tho' fools abound, who nor defire Nor pleasure fix on thee;

Yet wisdom's children all conspired To love and joy with me.

Th' upright without deceit, that prove-Like gold without alloy.

Make thee the object of their love,... And centre of their joy.

Verse 5. I amblack, but comely, O ye daughters of Jerusalem, as the tents of Kedar, as the curtains of Solomon.

Ye that professors are at large,
Or that are weak in grace,

Take no offence at me I charge, Nor at my swarthy face.

Shun not to come and share with me.

Both in my love and joy.

Because

Because my visage black, ye see With sin and sore annoy.

Tho' in myself I'm black indeed,
And in my outward lot;
Yet in my lovely, glorious Head
I'm fair without a spot.

Dusky like Keder tents am I,
O ye of Salem's race
But yet with Sol'mon's curtains vie
For comeliness by grace.

Verse 6. Look not upon me, because I am black, because the sun bath looked upon me: my monther's children were angry with me,—

Then gaze not with disdainful eyes,
On me in sable clad:
Nor slight my beauty fair, that lies
Within the gloomy shade.

No wonder I so black became,

If ye the cause will note:

For fore fun-burnt and scorch'd I am

With persecution hot.

False brethren, that malignant race,
My mother's sons untrue,
In rage cast dust upon my face,
And sully'd all my hue.

They pour'd on me with open shame
Their malice could conceive;
With foul reproaches stain'd my name,
And us'd me like a slave.

-They made me keeper of the vineyards, but mine own vineyard have I not kept.

They of their vineyards me the drudge Oppress'd with crushing care: Such servile labours ye may judge, My beauty much impair.

Yea, while, alas! thus toil'd, I flept,
And floth my watch remov'd,
I've not my proper vineyard kept,
My talents not improv'd.

But the 'my folly hath me marr'd,
And wrought my own distress;
Yet be not at religion scar'd,
Nor sturbled at my bliss.

For 'gainst myself I bear record, and the That hence my slaving flows:

While I neglect to serve my Lord, and the

I'm left to ferve my foes.

Verse 7. Tell me, O thou whom my soul loveth, where thou feedest \*, and where thou makest thy flocks to rest at noon:—

When fins and fuff rings work my grief, And both depress me so,

My Lord alone can give relief; To him I therefore go.

O thou the darling of my heart, My fouls beloved one,

\* The word is here active. !

Who

Who Isra'ls kindly shepherd art
Thy paths to me make known.

O shew me where thy flocks are fed,
Where dost thou cause them eat,
And where thou giv'st 'em rest and shade
At noon, from scorching heat

The pasture's fat, the shelter vast,

That does thy sheep inclose;

Fain would I feed in their repast,

And rest in their repose.

For why should I be as one that turneth aside by the stocks of thy companions?

For why should I, that am thy bride,

Be left to starve and stray,

Or seem as one that turns aside

To any crooked way?

All other loves my foul abhors,

Thy rivals I difdain;

With flocks of thy competitors

Why should I wander then?

I all thy feign'd companions hate.

They are a bane to me;

My foul affects no other mate,

No other Lord, but thee.

O if I knew thy fix'd abode,

I'd lodge for ever there;
Where then I may enjoy my God?

O tell me, tell me where.

CHRIST's

### CHRIST's WORDS, WOLD 191

Verse 8. If thou know not, O thou fairest among women, go thy way by the footsteps of the flock, and feed thy kids beside the shepherds tents.

O thou my bride, whom I efteem

The fairest of thy race,

However black thy form may feem,

While griefs do vail thy grace;

Dost thou not know my lovely bride.
The shadow of the rock,

Nor pastures green where I abide, it would have

Come follow my directing grace
Which I afford to thee

I'll lead thee to the sweetest place

That hence thy feet may never fwerve, Nor fall in fnares and wrack.

The footsteps of the flock observe, And follow thou the track.

See how they climb the rocks in droves, To focial worship prone.

And forthwith haunt retiring groves,

To meet with me alone.

Keep thou the beaten good old path, Yet new and living way,

Which all the faints have trode by faith, And prayer, night and day.

Tho' none of their dislik'd escapes
Must be a rule to thee,

Yet follow them in all the steps
Wherein they follow me.

And while my under-shepherd's tents, Are kept in good repair,

Attend them still; for Heav'n presents de O My shoicest dainties there.

The pastures of my grace:

There feast thyself; nor thence debar

Thy little tender race,

Bring children, servants, all thy kids
Along, to feed with thee;
Thy Lord all comers welcome bids
In offers full and free.

Make all within thy charge to haunt
These goodly tents of mine;
For there my feasts of love I grant,
To nourish thee and thine.

Thus, that thy feet no more appear,

With other flocks to roam:

In these my best inclosures here,

Stay, till I bring thee home.

Verse 9. I have compared thee\*, O my love to a company of horses in Pharoah's chariots.

My love on whom the stream unspent
Of my affection flows:

Mine years have heard thy heavy 'plaint About thy haughty foes:

But

<sup>\*</sup> Or made thee like to.

But they shall know to their remorfe, Their war had better be

To fight with Pharoah's chariot-horse, Than dare to fight with thee.

To that well harnest stately rout
I have thy strength compar'd;
Because my armour round about

Is thy defensive guard.

Thou may'st contemn the burnisht spear, When brandisht in the field;

As warlike horses laugh at fear, And mock the glitt ring shield.

This wing'd array more swiftly damps

The foes that thee defy,

Than conqu'ring chariots thro' the camps On thund'ring wheels that fly.

Weak in thyself, thou art, but well.

In me resides thy might;

Therefore, the pow'rs of earth and hell Need never thee affright.

Verse 10. Thy cheeks are comely with rows of jewels, thy neck with chains of gold.

My love, I heard thee also noan Thy beauty marr'd and spilt;

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ut

And stile thyself a lothsome one, Deform'd with sin and guilt.

But as my blood does counterpoise,
And all thy guilt displace;
So jewel-graces, golden-joys
Do beautify thy face.

C

Each virtue that thy dress bespeaks

Doth thee more richly deck,

Than rows of gems adorn the cheeks,

Or chains of gold the neck.

An order justly thy graces do

Like ev'nly rows maintain;

By mutual close connection too,

They're link'd as in a chain.

Thou hast thy royal Lord to thank,

That thee a moor betroth'd;

And then conform to highest rank,

With gold and jewels cloth'd.

To make thy checks and neck fo fair,

I gave mine to the stroke;

My cheeks to them that pluckt the hair,

My neck to justice' block.

Verse 11. We will make \* thee borders of gold with study of silver.

Object not, faying, How shall I, So weak, so black a swain, Such beauties in Jehovah's eye, Or furnish, or maintain?

For with united pow'r divine,
We Father, Son, and Sp'rit,
Do stand engag'd thee to refine,
And make thy form complete.

Keep thou no finite pow'rs in view,
To grace and deck thee thus;
Creation work, both old and new,
Belongs to none but Us

The word used for making man at first, Gen. i. 6. We'll

We'll make thee yet more radiant gems Of grace without an aid,

To fence thy robe, like golden hems. With filver studs inlaid.

Thy growing grace shall thrive, and bear A perfect crop at length;

Yet by no might within thy sphere,
But Our concurring strength.

Thy gold and filver ornament

Most strong and lasting prove;

For lo, it is the powerful vent Of Our eternal love.

Of old, the good, the great Three-one, Did jointly take thy part;

Thy naked foul We thought upon, With pity in Our heart.

We held a council for thy good,
Where I, without a fob,
Did chuse a vesture dipt in blood,
To be thy golden robe.

### The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 12. While the King sitteth at his table, my spikenard sendeth forth the smell thereof,

Lo! Zion's King array'd in state,
And love his luring west,

Makes ample grace his royal treat, And me his welcome guest.

When this his splendid table head

Is with his presence crown'd,

Baca

Gadalla mondadi My

My graces then like spikenard spread.

Their grateful odours round.

With joyful heart I fmile and fing, Each grace doth rife and run; As languid plants revive and spring

In presence of the fun.

If he withdraw, they fade and faint,.
Their vigour is restrain'd;

But, by his fweet return, their scent: And savour is regain'd.

While at his royal feast he sits, Such verdure fresh is giv'n,

That ev'ry spring of grace emits

A fragrant smell of heav'n.

My glad affections leap and dance, ... When with a smiling face,

The King does spread and countenace.

The table of his grace.

Verse 13. A bundle of myrrh is my well beloved untome; be shall ly all night betwint my breasts.

No wonder that my spikenard smells
So sweetly when he comes;
His love, that casts the scent, excels

The choicest of perfumes.

Faith, love, and joy begins to ftir,
And spread their odours high,
When Jesus, like a bunch of myrrh

Does in my bosom lie.

From this unfolded bundle flies daw at His favour all abroad;

Such

and and the bits

Such complicated fweetness lies

Abundant virtue here I see To ev'ry case adapt;

The fulness of a Deity recommendation wolf.

Is in the bundle wrapt. I mode at

Yea, in my well-beloved Lord This plenitude divine,

Is for my use and comfort stor'd;

For he himself is mine.

And has he deign'd thus from above,

To shew his glorious charms?

I'll hold him fast by faith and love, As in my folded arms.

My heart and bosom, where he rests, No other love shall know;

There he embrac'd shall lie, while lasts.

This sweet repose shall wear away

The shadows of the night,

Until the dawning of the day

Of everlasting light.

Verse 14. My beloved is unto me, as a cluster of campbire \* in the vineyards of En-gedi.

My best below'd to whom the wings Of my affections slee,

<sup>\*</sup> Copher, the same word that signifies an atonemet or - propitiation.

Of heav'n and earth to me, you all

Are camphire clusters sweet:

How infinitely more is he,

In whom I am complete?

When fin and wrath my confcience prefs,

He standeth for my good,

A cluster full of righteourness,

And wrath appealing blood.

Still fresh in view, I may defign.

His dying love to me,

Like myrrh and camphire, sweet and fine, New bleeding from the tree.

By faith I eat the cluster prest,

And drink the blood he spilt

Of all love-banquets, here's the best,

Atonement for my guilt.

To me this bleeding love of his.

Shall ever precious be:

Whatever he to others is,

He's all in all to me.

### CHRIST's Words.

Verse 15. Behold thou art fair my love; behold, thou art fair, thou hast doves eyes.

What! is thy heart a bed of rest,
A room reserv'd for me?
Behold, I come to be thy guest,
And vent my heart to thee.

My truth that can't the false decoys was 1977 Of flatt'ring lips approve, al in T Afferts to elevate thy joy, and diania of Thou art my pleasant love.

Lo, thou are fair, le, thou art fair, Twice fair thou art, I fay; My righteoufness and graces are Thy double bright array.

Tho' thou a spotted leopard, And black thyfelf doft fee; Yet, as a mark of my regard. I'll fee no spot in thee.

When to a dog of no avail Thou humbly doft compared And call thyfelf a mass of hell, Even then I call thee fair.

But fince thy faith can hardly own My beauty put on thee; Behold! behold! twice be it known, Thou art all fair in me.

I see the beauty of the dove Within thy foul that lies; Affections there exactly move, , and many.

Like turtles charming eyes.

So modest, humble, pure and chaste, And faithful to their mate; On me alone they fix and rest, And all my rivals hate.

The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 16. Behold, thou art fair, my beloved, yea, pleasant :

What

What wonders, Lord, dost thou performs. In That stoopest thus follow, and 10 To put thy beauty on a worm, and or small A And then commend it so ? I won'T

What ! dost thou praise a native black? . I blush to find it true:

O lend me words, to render back milging 1/2.

The praise to whom tis due.

Lo! my beloved, thou ev'n thou wone od F

Yea, altogether pleasant too, And sweet beyond compare all it

All comeliness divine in thee Most gloriously does shine;

What beauty thou commends in me, and Is but the shade of thine.

Dost thou applaud the little stream and the That from thy fulness rose?

The fountain whence it flows!

How shall I thee extol my God?

When thou exalts a lothforne clod, with a Wrapt in a borrow'd fuit.

But, who, alas! can words invent,

To magnify thy grace?

Seraphic pencils cannot paint

The beauties of thy face.

May my delighted eye fill gaze of On charming pleasures here;

taren

And

And what I cannot loudly praise

I'll filently admire.

-Also our bed is green.

How can my tongue the favours hide.

That thus my heart attach?

For never was a worthless bride.

So happy in her match.

Besides, his personage so great

His equipage is fine;

His furniture and bed of state;

For fellowship divine.

When here his love abroad is shed,

My soul, his cheerful guest,

Sleeps in his arms as in a bed,

Of holy joy and rest.

Will heav'n to hell betroth, bearing miracle must be
One bed to serve us both.

What kindness here he does avouch,

No mortal tongue can tell;

The heir of heav'n has made a couch

To hug an heir of hell. To ho ho he vil

Lo, this our bed of sweet solace,

Green like the verdant field,

Abundant fruits of noliness

Does by his bleffing yield.

To deck our bed of loves,

Buds of the fpring conveen

My pregnant foul fo fertile proves, I'm like an olive green.

Fair blossoms of indulgent grace That shed the temple round, With lively verdure paint the place. And spread the holy ground.

Verse 17. The beams of our bouse are cedar, and our rafters \* of fir +.

Our nuptial-led in Zion stands; Within our royal court: For there the bleffing God commands, There is his lov'd refort.

Our flately dwelling-house excels The feats of mortal kings; Whose pompous courts are nothing elle But specious empty things.

Their gaudy grandeur shrinks away. Within their with'ring bow'rs para 'all No gilded house of mould'ring clay Is fure and ftrong like ours.

The holy cov'nant heav'n commands With promifes of note; By which our house compacted stands

Are beams that never rot.

No cedar wood from Lebanon, Nor fir fo firm endures, and mabaudh As these our rafters, which his own Almighty pow'r fecures.

Or galleries + Or cypres. Thus

Thus stablisht, even our lower courts
Defy the gates of hell;
For everlasting strength supports
The dome wherein we dwell.

In precious cypress gall'ries here
We walk along in state:
Such are the ordinances dear
Of my imperial mate.

In these sweet mansions of his grace,
I'll walk with great delight,
Till he prepare a nobler place,
To walk with him in white.

### CHAP. II.

### CHRIST's WORDS.

Verse 1. I am the rose of Sharon, and the lily of the valleys.

SUCH tainted air from Adam's bow'r O'er curfed mankind blows. That no green bed, nor fav'ry flow'r, In nature's defart grows.

Thou then that fings the verdant bed Adorn'd with thew'rs of grace; Come see the rose and lily spread, That thus perfumes the place.

I Jesus, am the fragrant rose,

That healing odours yields,

And free for common profit grows,

In Sharon's open fields.

And

That all who please, may freely come, Of lapsed human race;

And share the fanative perfume, That suits their sickly case.

My bleeding love so oft exprest To guilty sinners, shows, A beauty in my bloody vest,

Beyond the ruddy rose.

Should I to comely flow'rs compare
The beauties of my face,
Roses and lilies, red and fair,
Would strive in it for place.

But what's my common paint, cast o'er.

The blossoms of the field?

Though Solomon in all his glore

Must to their splendor yield.

Their comely form but serves to soil

The flow'r of flow'rs above,

Sprung from the hottest heav'nly soil,

My Father's fervent love;

Who thence the lily did translate

To valley's here below,

That virtue from my humbled state

To finful worms might flow:

And that in vales of misery
When withering comforts fail,
The rose of heav'n might also be
The lily of the vale.

Verse 2. As the lily, among thorns, so is my love among the daughters.

While I the rose and lily fair,
Join'd, as my title claim,
My love, the bride, must have a share
Of my enamel'd name.

Mine image, she so harmless bears
Amidst a furious broil;
She as a lily fair appears
Ev'n in a thorny soil.

Among the daughters of despite, The offspring of the earth, Her kily form so lovely white, Shews her superior birth.

Befet with briers that pierce and pain, Yet precious in my view, She pure and harmless does remain Among the noxious crew.

The whole of Satan's children are
A field of hurtful thorns,
Enrag'd by hell to scratch and mar
The flow'r, that heav'n adorns.

But I'll provide in this turmoil
My lily with a shield;
And afterward a better soil,
My glorious azure sield.

## The CHURCH's WORDS.

Verse 3. As the apple tree among the trees of the wood, so is my beloved among the sons.— My dearest Lord has won my heart
With his mellissuous \* tongue.
That gives unworthy me a part
Both in his name and fong.

He to my need his name doth fuit,
As if he could not be
A rose and lily of repute,
Without adorning me.

His fav'ry titles thus made known, In fuch endearing ways, As wrap my name within his own, Provoke my heart to praise.

Awake, my foul, commend his grace, And fing the living tree, Who by fuch apples of folace Commends himself to thee.

Above the daughters of the earth
Does he extol my name;
Above the fons of higher birth
I will his praise proclaim.

As garden apple-trees excel

The forrest's barren race,

So shines my Lord o'er mortals all,

With a superior grace.

His fruit so sweet, his form so fair,
His healing leaves so broad;
This tree of life bears no compare
With sons of men, or God.

Created shrubs, wild gourds be gone, I climb a higher tree;

\* Sweetly eloquent.

Jesus, the living God, alone Yields shade and sap to me.

-I fat down under his shadow with great delight, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.

What fool foever disagrees,
My sweet experience proves,
That Jesus is the tree of trees,
Among a thousand groves.

From paradife wherein he grows,
He spreads his branches vast,
To give sweet shade for my repose,
Sweet fruit for my repast.

When fore fatigu'd, I fat by faith
Beneath his cooling shade,
Skreen'd from the heat of scorching wrath,
My shelter'd foul was glad.

The shadow of his righteousness,

The covert of his blood,

When conscious guilt and dread oppress,

A happy peace conclude.

This shadow shields me from the fire
That strikes the dread and awe;
The flaming heav'n's incensed ire,
And Sinai's fiery law.

Such shelter this thick shade imparts,
That no temptation sierce,
No feather'd shafts, nor siery darts,
Can once the shadow pierce.

When Christ my skreen is interpos'd: Between the slames and me, My joyful heart and lips inclos'd Adore the glorious tree.

No mortal tongue can speak the bliss.

That in this shade is giv'n;

For then I'm safe from all distress

And taste an early heav'n.

The tree does with immortal food My fainting foul folace, With fruits, the purchase of his bloods.

The apples of his grace.

O here's the tree of life that gives

The virtue finner's need,

Enliv'ning fruit and healing leaves,

To raife and cure the dead.

Pardons, and promises, and joys
Upon his branches grow;
Which, bending down with gentle poise,
Unload themselves below.

Laden with grace, his fruits he drops,
And spreads my table o'er,
To please my taste, and feed my hopes,
Until I feast in glore.

Verse 4. He brought me to the banqueting-house and bis banner over me was love.

Who but my Lord, the living tree
My leader also is,
That brings me near to taste and see
This love and grace of his?

<sup>&</sup>quot; Or house of wines.

Because my fall, he kindly thought, Did nature's power displace; To his wine cellars I was brought

By his almighty grace.

Brought from his garden, to his house,.
To taste more joy divine:

From fipping of the apple-juice, To drink the spiced wine.

With sweet and ravishing solace
My soul was feasted there,
In ordinances of his grace,
The house of his repair.

And lo! the royal flag display'd,
Dy'd with the bleeding vine,

Along my solemn entrance led Into this house of wine.

With flying colours did I move,
And march triumphantly;
For then was love, victorious love,
His banner lifted high.

This figual of his grace adorn'd

That stately march of mine;

And for my entertainment turn'd

My water into wine.

Love's conqu'ring flag from war so near, Did all my fins subdue;

Love led the van, love fenc'd the rear, . Love dasht the hellish crew.

My fainting heart was giving o'er, Till with this enfign spread,

My

My standard-bearer went before, And all the fories fled.

Soul now to arms; love fights and wins.
This banner guards my life;

Almighty love will flay my fins, And end the bloody strife.

Still therefore to pursue the chace,
"Till I triumph above:

I'll mind the banquet of his grace The banner of his love.

With love he march'd, with love he led?
With love he arm'd my breast?
With love he drew, with love he fed
With love he crown'd the feast.

Verse 3: Stay \* me with flagons, comfort + me with apples; for I am sick of love.

Lo! while my mem'ry does review
His matchless bleeding love,
My spirit falls a bleeding too,
My bowels melt and move.

O ye whose office is to bear.

The vessels of his grace;

Bring slagons full of comfort here,

And apples of solace.

With cordials from above:

Hafte ere my spirit swoon away;
I'm sick, I'm sick of love.

Here the verbs are in the plural number, Stay ye me, comfort ye me. † Straw me.

I'm overcome, I faint, I fail,
'Till love shall love relieve:

More love divine the wound can heal, That love divine did give.

The agent Christ alone I view,
Tho' now my foul that faints.

In fickness raves of aid from you,

That are but instruments.

Fill out the wine my Lord did bleed!

To flay and ftrengthen me:

The sweeter still is he.

Their tafte does fo furprife,

I'd ly and roll myfelf among
These fruits of paradife,

Support this finking heart of mine-Beneath a weight of love,

With loving fruit, and gen'rous wine:
From azure fields above.

Ev'n tho' my cup run o'er;

But feed on hungar, drink on thirst, And cover always more.

New feals of love I feek to free
And give love fickness ease;

How can I lothe what fickens me, So fweet is my difeafe,

The love, the love that I bespeak,

Does wonders in my foul:

For when I'm whole, it makes me fick; When fick, it makes me whole.

More of the joy that makes me faint; Would give me present ease:

If more should kill me, I'm content.

To die of that disease.

Verse 6. His left band is under my bead, and his right band doth embrace me.

How foon my fainting foul did cry
For cordials to be brought,
So foon my Lord himself drew nigh,

With more than I had fought.

I fought wine-flagons, but anon
The vine drew near to me;
I fought but apples in my swoon,
And lo, I found the tree.

When I on servants call'd in vain, My Lord himself with speed

Did in his arms of love, amain Uphold my fainting head.

My heart's defire is now obtain'd,.

I have my royal guest,.

And, by his kind embrace sustain'd,,
Do in his bosom rest.

He does with joy that can't be told 'My health and strength repair,

And both his hands about me hold, .

To shew his tender care.

His left hand for my support he Beneath my head doth place;

And

And for my comfort lendeth me.

His right hands foft embrace.

His presence brings a plenteous show'r Of blessings from above;

For now I'm guarded with his pow'r.
And girded with his love.

For my folace, 'gainst sin and death,,
I feel his heav'nly charms,

And for my fafety underneath

His everlasting arms.

Verse7. I charge you, \* O ye daughters of Jerufalem, by the roes, and by the hinds of the field, that ye stir not up, nor awake my love ‡, till he please.

Does in my bosom take;
Woe to the fury that shall come

This joyful rest to break.

Are scar'd from sleep and rest,

Would earth and hell this fweet repose.

Maliciously infest.

O Salem's daughters, then I pray,
And charge you stand in awe

To waken love, or do what may.

Make Jefus to withdraw.

Yea, all about me I adjure,
Professors and profane,

Excepting

sign is the new astata company on the real of the

<sup>\*</sup> Heb. Adjure you.

† The word my is, a supplement, and the word love

Excepting neither rich nor poor, The fov'reign nor the fwain.

By pleasant roes and loving hinds, Affections emblem meet :

By all that's dear to loving minds, And ev'ry thing that's fweet ;

By all that's lovely in your eyes I earnestly obtest,

Since Jefus in my bosom lies, Ye may not mar his reft.

Begone, fin, Satan, earthly toys, Far be ye from my heart; Approach not to desturb my joys, Nor cause my Lord depart.

His fmiles are free, he comes and goes, My happy hour is this: Why should ye prove such cursed foes

To interrupt my blifs?

My glorious Lord now fleeps within Mine arms of faith and love; I charge myfelf, my heart, my fin, Not once to ftir nor move.

He may as fov'reign countermand! The fignals of his grace; But nevet let a finful hand Of mine eclipse his face.

Let no deceitful lusts attend, To rob me of his charms:

Nor

163 M. S. - 164

is in the feminine gender, She speaks of Christ as that love eminently, or love in the abstract; the original runs, that ye fir not up, nor awake love till it pleafe.

Nor curfed unbelief, to rend

My love out of mine arms

I all the spawn of hell explode That would his rest annoy;

O may I never grieve my God, Nor fin away my joy.

Verse 8. The voice of my beloved! behold, he cometh leaping upon the \* mountains skipping upon the hills.

Sweet was the rest, but short the stay
Of Jesus my belov'd,

Who lately in my bosom lay, But instantly remov'd.

Thus doth my Tov'reign Lord declare
The freedom of his charms,

By slipping off, amidst my care To hold him in mine arms.

Great hills, alas! now intervene Betwixt my Lord and me;

His voice unheard, his face unseen: Stop, stop, I here, I see.

The voice of my beloved founds, I know the charming lyre;

No mortal voice so sweetly wounds And ravishes mine ear.

I hear the voice, I feel the dart, My breast begins to burn;

The joyful found revives my heart With hopes of his return.

Or over.

In's volume, Lo, I come, faid he;
And now I fee him move
In folemn triumph toward me,
On wings of wond'rous love.

His coming in the flesh I view, Glad heav'n his march attends; And coming in the Spirit too, For lo, the dove descends.

Dark shades adieu, bright morning springs,
Behold the gilded sphere!
Incarnate love's perfumed wings
Now cleave the shady air.

He, over hills and mountains high, Comes flying on the clouds, In flately pomp advancing nigh Thro' all opposing crouds.

Of principalities and powr's

He makes an open shew

Down, in his march, he throws the tow'rs

Of hell's outrageous crew.

He skips o'er rocks without delay,
Nor tarries he to climb;
For hills and mountains in the way
Are but a leap to him.

O'er heaps of fin to run he deigns,
O'er hills of guilt to flee;
Nor death, nor hell, nor wrath restrains
His loving march to me.

Verse 9. My beloved is like a roe, or a young

When

When faith itself could hardly see
What pow'r could ever pave
The rocky mountains whereon he
Must come to seek and save

When manifold obstructions met,
My loving Jesus made
A stepping stone of ev'ry let
That in his way was laid.

O'er hills of fin and vales of grief,
O'er mountains, rocks, and feas,
For my falvation and relief

For my falvation and relief He runs, he leaps, he flies,

O'er ev'ry Bether, high and low, That him and me did part, He marches like the bounding roe Or loving youthful hart.

To manifest that his delights

Were with the sons of men,

He hastens to restore their rights,

And rise Satan's den.

No doubt remains of his good will,
Whose speedy march does prove
His joyful fondness to fulfil
His purposes of love.

When heinous trespasses of mine.

Make me conclude that he
Will never any more incline
Again to visit me.

And yet I see him hasting near, And smiling in my face?

n

How

How can I but adore, admire, And magnify his grace?

Behold, he standeth behind our wall, he looketh forth \* at the windows, shewing † himself through the lattess.

Come, friends, admire how he renews The visits of his grace,

And in what various forms he shews The beauties of his face.

His darkest ways will prove him kind; For when he hides at all.

He goes not far, but stands behind Our own partition-wall.

The hiding wall of fin;

Yet he behind, is very nigh, Stands ready to come in.

His feet no rest can elsewhere take, But skipping, leaping, move, Till me the resting-place he make, And centre of his love.

And the while in this distant place,
This vale of fin and thrall;
There's still between me and his face
A thick, a dark'ning wall;

Yet distance alters not his love, Nor ought abates his care,

With force him thro' the wall to move, And make a window there:

\* Or rather looketh in.

+ Flourishing.

That there as thro' a window-glass

However dark and dim,

His eye of love to me may pass, Mine eye of faith to him.

Thro' latteffes that light divide, Thro' glorious gospel-lines

A vail of flesh, a pierced fide, His love his beauty shines.

Thus, like a beauteous flow'r in spring He shews himself in state,

Before the window flourishing, And growing thro' the grate.

Verse 10. My beloved spake and said unto me, Rise up, my love, my fair one, and come away.

When my beloved Jesus nigh Did to my soul appear,

His matchless beauty charm'd mine eye, His gracious words mine ear.

Why tho' the sweetest favours giv'n.

Are in his felt embrace:

Yet furest intercourse with heav'n Is by his word of grace.

I'll therefore fing the words he said, And his alluring art,

Who me no filent visit made, But spake into my heart.

Thy joyful found my foul restor'd, And heal'd to that degree,

I never will forget his word

By which he quick'ned me.

E 2

"Rise up, (said he) my pleasant bride, "And leave what thee annoys;

"Lay killing fears and damps afide, "And share my quick'ning joys.

"My love, there is no fpot in thee "But what my grace shall hide;

"Thou art and ever more shall be " My fair and comely bride.

" And fince thou'rt mine by folemn tie, " And I'm fo fond of thee,

" It ill becomes thee to be shy, " And carry strange to me.

"Are mortal pleasures with thy stay?" "Flee from their dying arms;

"Haste to my bosom come away, " And share immortal charms.

Verse 11. For lo, the winter is past, the rain is over, and gone.

"Come love, (faid he) for now thy way. " Is pleasant, fafe, and plain:

Behold a fair inviting day,

" And heav'n above ferene.

Fear not the ftorm; for e're I gave: "The gracious call to thee,

" Fair weather I commanded have, "And calm'd the raging fea.

"Thou haft no dang'rous winter flight, "No drop of wrath to dread;

"The storm did with a vengeance light "Down on thy furety's head.

"So full did I my charge perform "Once in thy room and place,

"That now no killing wrathful storm "Can blow upon thy face.

"Tempestuous wrath and death is past, "Stern justice is appeas'd;

"Since I courageous bore the blaft,
"All heav'n is fully pleas'd.

"I call thee not to fight and bleed,
"But free from pain and toil,

"To follow thy victorious head, "And gather in the spoil.

"Yea winter of desertion's past, "And rain of trouble o'er,

"While by my presence now thou hast "An antepast \* of glore.

Verse 12. The slowers appear on the earth, the the time of the singing + of birds is come.

"Come, come; for now, beloved bride, .

"By warning beams of grace,

"The youthful fpring with flow'ry pride:
"Looks smiling in thy face.

"See lapfed nature's curfed earth, "Nipt with a winter fall,

"Now blefs'd with buds of heav'nly birth, "And flow're around the ball,

\* Or foretafte.

† Heb. The time of finging is come. The word rendered finging, fignifies also to prune or crops

E 3

"See Adam's dry and blafted root,
"Where briers and thorns were rife,

"Now bud and bear unfading fruit

"Lo, heav'n appears upon the ground "Where hell grew up apace;

"While earthly hearts do now abound "With heav'nly flowers of grace.

"The fading trees of righteousness,
"Resume their fruitful life,

"While I the branches lop and dress, "And bless the pruning knife.

"The present time of peaceful spring, "From wint'ry blusters free,

"Invite the heav'nly birds to fing "Upon the living tree.

-And the voice of the turtle t is heard in our land.

"Lo, now is heard the heav'nly dove, "The facred turtle's voice;

"The joyful found of grace and love "Makes drooping hearts rejoice."

"Resounding echoes thro' the plain "From all my little doves,

"That in the valley's mourn amain, "Melodious music proves.

\*\* Their hearts that could not joy or mourn, ... So close bound up and pent,.

+ By the turtle some understand the Spirit, some the bride.

" Have

"Have now, upon their Lord's return, "A joyful, mournful vent.

"As loving friends long distant do

"Whose forrows during absence, now Dissolving, bleed afresh.

"So wrestling tribes in cheerful mones." Their Lord approaching wait,

"With joyful hearts, yet mournful tones, "As turtles meet their mate.

"Sweet founds, alluring all that lift;
"Are heard on ev'ry hand,

"Around the field that I have bleft, "And flil'd Immanuel's land.

Verse 13. The fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with the tender grape give. a good smell.—

"Now, now is the accepted time
"When heav'nly plants of grace

"All preffing forward to their prime, "And thriving, grow apace.

"The figs, tho' yet unripe for meat, "Appear in green array;

"Young grapes unripe for drink, yet sweet."
And fav'ry seents convey.

"With joy the early sprigs I see,
"The young and tender race

"And view with pleasure in mine eye
"The smallest buds of grace."

"Yea, lo, the well-advanced spring"
Does in abundance now

Not only flow'rs for pleasures bring, "But fruits for profits too.

"The living vine incessant does "To ev'ry branch dispense

"Most sweet and odorif'rous juice, "From streams of hell to sence.

"Are serpents said to see the smell
"Of vines, with sear and dread?"
"Persumes of heav'n's true vine repel

"Th' old serpent and his seed.

- Arise, my love, my fair one, and come away \*.

"Rife drooping bride, while fpring fo sweet:
"In place of winter snell,

"Does thus by various charms invite, "Thine eyes, and ears, and smell.

"Fair love, 'tis thee I'm fond to wed,,
"Tis thee I'm loth to want;

"Come to thy heav'nly mate, and bid:
"All earthly loves avaunt.

"Thy company and love to gain a "I am so strongly bent.

"Thy full and free consent.

"Haste to mine arms; for didst thou move

"My heart would on the wings of love, .
"Outfly the hafty wind.

<sup>\*</sup> See Verfe 10.

Verse 14. O my dove that art in the clefts of the rock, in the secret places of the stairs, let me see thy countenance, let me hear thy voice; for sweet is thy voice, and thy countenance is comely.

"My dove that in the lofty rock.
"Art wont to nestle high,

"And to my wounds, when storms provoke, "As shelt'ring holes to fly;

"In facred corners went to vent "Thy heart to me alone,

"Kindly to pour thy heavy 'plaint,.
"And make thy humble mone:

"O why dost thou that built so high, "At ev'ry threat'ning shock,

"So tim'rous now for shelter fly
"To any lower rock?

"Why, frighted from thy lofty nest,
"To lurking holes and cless

"Dost take, with shame, and sear opprest,
"Such vain and sorry shifts?"

"Look up, my dove; nor blush, nor fear.
"Thy heav'nly mate to face,

"Who wills thee boldly to appear "Before his throne of grace.

" Lift voice and count'nance both upright
"With confidence to me;

"And let thy voice mine ears delight,
"Thy countenance mine eye.

"For fweet's thy voice of pray'r and praise,
"Which please me more to hear,

"Than

ec

"Than ever choice melodious lays "Could charm a mortal ear.

"Thy humblest mournful notes my dove,

"Excel, in my esteem,

"Their higher strains that artful rove "In orat'ry sublime.

"Thy countenance is also fair,
"And comely in mine eyes;

"Tho' earthly minds with scornful air "Thy heav'nly mien despise.

"For, while my righteousness complete "Is still thy robe renown'd.

"My graces in thy count'nance meet,
"And cast their lustre round.

Verse 15. Take \* us the foxes, the little foxes, that spoil the vines: for our vines have tender grapes.

"Soon scar'd and set astray:

"Care must be taken to remove
"The fright'ning beasts of prey.

"Of hurtful foes a hellish brood
"Against her peace combines;

"As in a vineyard foxes rude "Infest the feeble vines.

"Let all concern'd in her and me "Soon, at our instance seize

"The foxes great and small they see, "That spoil the rising trees.

\* Take, in the original, is the plural number, Take ye.

"Ye ministers of my affairs,

"My vineyard who attend,

"I charge you guard against the snares
"That do the vines offend.

"All erring teachers foon defery,
"Deceitful workers check;

"All false apostles take and try,
"Refute, repel, reject.

"No cunning spoiler slightly mark,
"No little foxes spare:

"For these no small destruction work, "No little mischief share.

"A little fox foon fpoils and rents
"Small branches to the stump:

"A little leaven foon ferments
"And leavens all the lump.

"Our vines have finall and tender grapes:
"And if the strong, the big

"With much ado the hurt escapes, "How hardly will the sprig?

"Each foul be also taught to catch "Small foxes hid in heart,

"Vain thoughts, deceitful lusts, that hatch
"And gender grievous smart.

"Their little rifing brats destroy,
"Their small beginnings hush;

"Else they the buds of grace and joy,
"The tender branches crush,

Verse 16. My beloved is mine, and I am his: be feedeth \* among the lilies +.

Such were the kindly words he spoke

To give my soul repose;
Such was the order strick he took

With my desturbing soes.

I'll therefore boldly now affert,
While yet he hides his face,
And own his int'rest in my heart,
My int'rest in his grace.

Lo, I am his, and he is mine,
Our titles are involv'd
By mystic union, so divine,
As cannot be dissolv'd.

Our mutual int'rest firm abides,
And will endure for ay;
Hence, tho' behind the shade he hides,
He is not far away.

Tho' heav'n the noblest banquet yields,
Among his flow'rs above;
Yet here amidst his lily fields
He keeps his feasts of love.

'Mong faints whose robes are lily-white,
By washing in his blood,
To grace the feast is his delight,
His meat, and drink, and food.

With loving care his flock he feeds, Upon the fattest place,

\* Viz. Himself or his people.
† His people or his ordinances.

Among the fairest lilly-beds, The pastures of his grace.

By faith I wait my proper share, When nought but sense I see;

And argue from his past'ral care H:s loving mind to me.

Verse 17. \* Until the day break +, and the shadow slee away:—

Among the lilles here below My Lord will feed and stay,

Until eternal day shall blow Time's shady night away.

Still therefore rays of joys remain, Tho' damp with clouds of fear;

Until he cleave the flarry plain, And on the clouds appear.

Did faints of old when wrapt in night, Believing, hope to fee

Incarnate love's substantial light Make legal shadows flee?

'Tis done; and now the brighter sky Makes gospel-grace the pawn,

That all remaining shades shall die, And sink in glory's dawn.

Her fiery wheels with speedy flight Shall o'er the shades be hurl'd,

And deluges of dawning light
O'er spread the dusky world.

\* These words are applicable either to the preceding or following. 

†Breathe or blow.

Let

Let there be light, once more he'll fay, Who first did gild the ball:

Then up shall rise the endless day, And down the shadow's fall.

Darkness, the change, no more to be, Shall hear, and foon obey,

And clouds of fin and forrow flee Before the rifing day.

The long dark night that kept the field' And domineer'd with might,

Shall then refign their place, and yield To everlasting light.

Ev'n ordinances sweet shall pass' Which darkly shew him here: For then he'll break the looking-glass, And face to face appear.

Welcome the great and glorious store; Adieu, fweet, little pawns: I'll doubt, and fear' and fin no more;

When glory's morning dawns.

-Turn \*, my beloved, and be thou like a roe. or ayoung bart upon the mountains of Bether +.

Kind Lord, till this bright morn appear To my eternal blifs,

Till dusky shadows all retire And work no more diffress:

Turn, till this glorious break of day O turn to me thy face,

As in a circuit,

+ Or of division.

While

While in thy shady vale I stay, Deny me not thy grace.

While circling woes depress my foul.

To various darkness turns:

Let circling mercies round me roll, By various kind returns.

O'er hills of fin, and guilt, and woe'
That place us far apart,

Come marching like the bounding roe, Or loving youthful hart,

O'er mountains to their mates they move,... They skip, they leap, they slee;

With equal eafe, and speed, and love Haste o'er the hills to me.

The justly thou retire and hide,
My favour stands unmov'd;

I'll therefore own I am thy bride, And thou art my belov'd

Hence shall dividing hills and rents.

Between my soul and thee,
Be to my faith but arguments,

To hafte thy march to me

Let mighty hills, o'er which I go Defies my feeble limbs,

Enhance the glory of the roe

That rocks and mountains climbs.

Difficulties so huge to me
I never can remove,
Be but occasions fair to thee,

30m C

To shew thine active love.

F 2

Let rising mountains haste the view Of all-surmounting might; And ev'ening shades' the falling dew Of love, till morning light,

## CHAP III.

## The CHURCH's WORDS

Verse I By night on my bed, I sought him whom my soul loveth: I sought him, but I found him not.

WHEN shadows dark, and mountains
With stern united might, (high,
Conspir'd to hide him from mine eye
Whose absence is my night:

Upon my drowfy bed alone
Amidst my ssumbers tost,
I sought h'm, but my slothful mone
And lazy labour lost.

Love acting such a languid part,
I selt a strange disease,
An absent I ord, a careless heart,
And rest without release.

Justly the darling of my foul,
Still rolling in my mind,
Did my dull suit again controul;
I fought but could not find.

Verse 2. I will rise now, and go about the city, in the streets, and in the broad ways I will seek him whom my soul loveth: I sought him but I found him not.

Since

Since my beloved won't be found In such a sleepy road,

I'll rouse, and rise, and go around,
The city of my God.

More life and vigour than before,.
Thro' grace, I will difplay;

And in my fearch frequent no more.

This lazy, formal way

But, shaking of my drowsy chains, About his courts I'll move,

With more activity and pains, To feek my dearest love.

And fearch the public street,

The ordinances of his grace,
'Till I my Saviour meet.

In mere resolves I did not sist,
But sought him here and there;

Yet, ah, the God of Jacob mist, Even in the house of pray'r.

So much did former laziness.

To present loss redound,

That in the most devout address He was not to be found.

Verse 3. The watchmen that go about the city found me: to whom I said, Saw ye him whom my soul loveth?

Then was I, while I roam'd abroad, .
By faithful watchmen found,

Who in the city of their God
Preform'd their painful round.

F 3

To whom I cry'd, with great respect

"Can ye my wand'ring steps direct, "My dearest love to find?

"I hope, ye who with heav'nly art,
"Still tread the holy ground,

Well know the darling of my heart,
And where he may be found.

"When my belov'd is hid from you,
"What paths, what means of grace,

"What course do ye yourselves pursue,
"To see his lovely face?"

"I pray you, tell me where

"Did ye espy my soul's delight?"
"That I may seek him there.

"O happy stars, if ye might be "-My guides to Jesus now!

"Seers, did ye my faviour fee?
"Pray tell me where, and how?"

But, ah, no lips of faints or priests

My present 'plaint could stay;

All were but dry and empty breafts,.
While Jefus was away.

My teachers left me still in doubt, While he withheld his grace:

Ev'n when their doctrine found me out.

And touch'd my very case.

Tho' public means no present stop.
Put to my bleeding wound

Yet, lo, the healing dew they drop, I foon in private found.

Verse 4. It was but a little that I passed from them, but I found him whom my soul loveth:

When public ordinances fail'd.
In easing my complaints;

When little to my help avail'd, Or ministers or saints:

When means and duties nought could do.

Tho useful in their place,

As open inns, and precious too,
As fweet canals of grace:

Yet, proving as to fuccess weak, Beyond them all I past,

A little further step to make, And found my love at last.

When outward conduit-pipes could vent: No drop to heal my need?

The little step I further went, Was to the fountain-head.

For passing thro' the brittle reeds.

And but a little space,

And looking o'er the fervants heads, I saw the Master's face.

My trust in means did from them pass,
A higher rock to climb;

But thro' them as the looking glass, I fixt mine eyes on him.

How foon thro' gospel telescopes Eaith did his glory spy;

Dismissing

Dismissing all inserior hopes, My heart perfued mine eye.

I found my foul's beloved chace,
In all his pleasing charms;
Then joyful flew to his embrace,
And graspt him in mine arms.

I beld him, and would not let him go;-

His presence which by faith and pray'r,
I sought so much to gain,
Now, when enjoy'd, with equal care

I labour to retain.

And like a kindly bride,
Inclos'd him fast in mine embrace,
And prest him to abide.

His presence did such bliss imply,
His absence such a bane;
I now resolv'd that he and I
Should never part again.

A thousand lovely charms,

And melted down into a flood

Of pleasure in his arms.

And lightning now on Jacob's road,
Did equal fervour show;
I wept and wrestled with my God,
And would not let him go.

In heat of battle for the blifs On pleasant Bethel plains,

MI BERRY

I held him by his faithfulness, The girdle of his reins.

And while I made his truth my shield, His word of grace my stay; The God of Jacob deign'd to yield,

And could not fay me nay.

Of freedom great without offence.

Allowing me my fill;

With holy, humble violence, I won him to my will.

-Until I had brought him to my mother's house, and into the chambers of her that conceived me.

While fuch a banquet I enjoy'd, Such power with God in prayer,

My court and moyen I employed, That others too might share.

Remembring, while I fuckt the comb, My starving friends in jail;

I brought him to my mother's home, His largestes to deal;

That all my relatives might tafte My present wond'rous blifs,

Who faint with famine in the waste And howling wilderness.

With ardent zeal befought I him,
To let his bleffing fall
On mystical Jerusalem,

The mother of us all.

'Tis writ in Zion's infant-roll,
This man and that man there

Was

Was born again; and there my foul First drew the vital air.

I therefore begg'd, her offspring free
Might have, with peaceful days,
The pleasure of his company
In his approved ways.

His presence to her house I sought, Its ruins to repair:

To strengthen what his hands had wrought, And shew his glory there.

I pray'd him to my native home, As his belov,d refort,

Nor did my Lord refuse to come, And grace his facred court.

For there he fill'd oft to the brim My cup of joy, and there

His love to me, and mine to him, Did mutual tokens share.

I found to my experience glad, That in the wrestling way,

The God of Jacob never faid, The feed of Jacob, nay.

Verse 5. I charge you, O ye daughters of Jerusalem, by the roes, and by the hinds of the field, that ye stir not up, nor awake my love, till he please.

My Lord does now his joyful rest in Zion's bosom take;

\* See chap. ii. 7. the same words, but here thy real late to Christ's presence in the church, the mother's house, that that be not marred.

Woe

Woe to the sin, th' unwelcome guest, This sweet repose shall break.

Ye daughters of Jerusalem,

That love to him profess.

Take care ye do not loss the gem, The joy that ye profess.

While some delight in hinds and roes, And from alarms would shield Their soon disturbed, soft repose,

Upon the open field.

Shall we awake our dearest love,
With vain and earthly noise,
That may provoke him to remove
And dash our present joys?

If some affect the rural charms .

And pleasures of the field,

A dearer love is in our arms,

Than ever earth could yield.

If they their pleasing trifles would All indesturb'd enjoy;

Shan't we our dearest darling hold And hug without annoy?

Ye then that of my mother's house
The sons and daughters are,
Be careful, while he stays with us,
Lest ye the pleasure mar.

While he vochsafe to be our guest,
And grace our public inn,
Let none of us disturb his rest,
By heav'n-provoking sin

In love he comes and goes, and fo May leave his holy hill; But woe to us if off he go In wrath, against his will.

His will and pleasure is a law,

To which we must submit:

But never tempt him to withdraw,

Until he judge it fit.

## The COMPANION's Words.

Verse 6. Who is this \* that cometh out of the wilderness like pillars of smoke, persumed with myrrh and frankincense, with all powders of the merchant?

What bride is this, in bright array,
With precious bleffings ftor'd,
That gives us folemn grace to pay
Such homage to her Lord?

Up from the defart fee her move
And climb the azure skies:
As from the glowing alters strove
The smoaky pillars rife.

Her heart inflam'd with holy fire
In the devoutest mode,

Unto the throne of God,

As tow'ring smoke in air serene,
With stately rising heads,
Majestic mounts above the plain
In lofty pyramids:

See how her warm'd affections tow'r And, with a heav'nly air, Contempt on earthly glory pour,

As worthless of her care.

Perfum'd with myrrh and incense sweet, She smells like flow'ry spring,

With fav'ry graces, odours meet.
To entertain her king.

No precious powders from afar,
Of which the merchant boafts,
Like these her grateful odours are,

Brought from Immanuel's coasts.

So wond'rous are the charms we spy, So rich the 'broider'd robe; Her dazzling splendor blinds our eye,

And blazes o'er the globe.

### The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 7. Behold, his bed\*, which is Solomon's

O friends, what mean you with furprise, On mortal me to gaze?

From borrow'd beauty turn your eyes
To uncreated rays.

Who me fo richly clad, Whom Solomon the opulent † Did typify and shade.

Conte, see his equipage prepar'd.

And ensigns of renown,

\* Sce Chap. 1. 16. + Rich.

A Paraphrase on His stately bed, his royal guard, His chariot, and his crown.

His bed of state in Zion stands, Within the royal court;

For there the bleffing heav'n commands, There is his lov'd refort.

There, still remains, as prophets vouch, And holy scriptures tell,

The heir of heav'n's embroider'd couch For hugging heirs of hell.

This is my rest, here will I stay,
In sacred lines he said;
And, till he can his word unsay,
He'll never change his bed.

'Tis here with pleasure unexprest, Our mutual love combine,

On easy downs of holy rest, And fellowship divine.

The furniture and cost immense.

About the bed may clear

Am infinitely greater prince Than Solomon is here.

Threescore valiant men are about it, of the valiant of Israel. Verse 8. They all bold swords, being expert in war: every man bath his sword upon his thigh, because of fear in the night.

Behold the Royal guard, to fence His bed on ev'ry fide, To shew the splendor of the prince, The safety of the bride.

A num'rous hoft of nobler knights
Than Solomon's brigade

Of fixty valiant Israelites, Around his iv'ry bed.

For, lo, the resting-place to guard The hosts of God combine,

Thousands of angels all prepar'd, And attributes divine.

The lowest hk that rails the bed Are watchmen of the night,

Who stand as centries in the shade, Until the morning light.

Of these the faithful to their prince No naked soldiers are,

But arm'd complete for bold defence,... As mighty fons of war.

By long experience skilful grown They in the field command,

And val'rous for the heav'nly crown.
They fight with sword in hand.

The Spirit's fword each ready wears Close girded by his fide,

The word of God, to still the fears-Of Jesus' royal bride.

When nightly dread her quiet mar,.
Their fwords filence the fright,

And from the holy fpot debar.
The terrors of the night.

G 2

Yea, Zion's king himself acclaims To be her shield and shade;

His blood, his word, his oath, his names Defend the royal bed

The fentry is almighty wings, For subsidy \* prepar'd:

What sleeping couch of earthly kings Can boast of such a guard?

Amidst night-shades that fear suggest
Amid'st menancing † harms,
They lie secure whose bed of rest
Is strong Immanuel's arms.

Ye that my bright array descry, See, fee his guarded bed; Where I in ease and safety lie,

Beneath his garment spread.

Verse 9. King Solomon made bimself a chariot of the Wood of Lebanon. Verse 10. He made the pillars thereof of Silver, the bottom thereof of Gold, the Covering of it of purple; the midst thereof being paved with love, for the daughters of Jerusalem.

Ye that, amaz'd at my ascent, Stand gazing to the sky, Come see the engine eminent, By which I mount so high.

Lo, here, beside the resting place And bed to lay me soft,

· Help or aid. + Threatning.

Are flying chariot-wheels of grace To bear my foul aloft.

Our Solomon, the prince of peace,... The king of Zion fam'd

For his renown and my release,

A stately chariot fram'd

He who for pleasure made the bed, For peace who set the guard,

For solemn pomp and cavalcade This glorious engine rear'd.

He, congruous to his old decree, For shewing forth his praise,

A cov'nant firm of promise free Did like a chariot raise.

None fram'd of Leb'non's finest wood

By wisest engineers,

Could equal this, so gay, so good, And sirm to endless years,

The pillars thereof, for the ease. And support of the weak,

Are precious filver promifes

That will not bow nor break,

It's bottom is a ground work fure, ... Of pure and folid gold,

From bankrupt begg'ry to secure, ... From falling thro' t' uphold.

Its cov'ring fafe from fin to shroud, And fure from wrath to hide,

It's purple dye, the scarlet flood.

From Jesus' wounded side.

G 3

For:

For Salem's race (tho' fome pur-blind Its outside pomp but move)
The midst unseen is pav'd and lin'd With velvet seats of love.

He who, to shew his kindness fresh,
For human brats abroad;
Came riding in a carr of slesh,
The high, the humble God;

Now for his bride a chariot fair
Of gospel-grace provides;
In which he conqu'ring ev'ry where,
And she triumphing rides.

Verse 11. Go forth, O ye daughters of Zion, and behold king Solomon with the crown where-with his mother crowned him in the day of his espousals, and in the day of the gladness of his heart.

King Jesus' royalties each one,
O Zion's daughters, see;
The bed, the guard, the couch the crownPresented to yout eye.

Behold my King, you'll strange the less.
To see my bright array;
Tis sit I now appear in dress,
His coronation-day.

From fell, that airy thing,
From finful pleasures, dying joys,
And see the living King.

To him whom mother Zion bore.

The crown does apperrain;
His Father to his nother swore.

That Solon on should reign.

Behold the King with wonder deep,
Whose glory cannot sade,
Jesus through Solomon the type,
The substance through the shade,

Come see, believe, admire; adore, Heav'n glad'ning stomage pay, To match his mother's crown he wore

Upon his huptial-day.

The day wherein he blest the earth, And won his bride apart: When she him met with holy mirth.

And he rejoic'd in heart,

The faints, who do his image bear, Proclaim the high renown

Of Zion's king, who deigns to wear.
Their praises as his crown.

They act the fond \* maternal part, In joint applauding bands;

The heav'nly babe form'd in their heart.

Is crown'd with both their hands.

Their pompous joys unite.

To pourtray him the lovely way.

Where grace and grandeur meet.

Motherly. The stood and the Tris continue

Once bound upon the altar's horns,.

A victim for our dues,

His head was crown'd with cruel thorns,, By's mother's-church, the Jews.

But pleasures now his pains repay,
And pomp that suits him well,
His Father's crown, with sov'reign sway.
O'er heaven and earth and hell.

## CHAP. IV.

### CHRIST's WORDS.

Verse 1. Behold, thou art fair, my love, behold thou art fair, thou hast doves eyes within thy lock's: thy bair is a slock of goats, that appear from mount Gilead.

MY love, who flighting gaudy fame,,
Doft human praise eschew,
From zeal to magnify my name,
And give to me my due.

Thy name no detriment fulfains.

By travail mine to raife;

For lo, I now return thy pains,

By crowning thee with praife.

My truth, that can't the false decoyy
Of flatt'ring lips approve,
Afferts, to animate thy joy,
'I hou art my spotless love,

Lo, thou art fair; lo, thou art fair,,
Twice fair thou art I fay;

My righteousness and graces are
Thy double bright array.

Tho' thou a spotted leopard,
And black thyself dost style;

Yet, as a mark of my regard, I count thee free of guile.

When to a dog, a mite, a gnar, Thou dost thyself compare,

And call thyself a hellish brat, Ev'n then I call thee fair.

Thy trembling faith will fcarcely own My comeliness on thee;

Behold, behold, twice be it known, Thou art all fair in me.

That decks without difguife;
For there devout affections move,
Like turtles charming eyes.

So modest, humble, pure, and chaste, So faithful to her mate;

On me alone they fix and rett,
And all my rivals hate.

Thy beauteous eyes, vail'd with thy locks, Shew wife fobriety;

And heav'nly beauties finest strokes, From oftentation free.

Gay, like a comely flock of goats
On Gilead's stately height,

Is thine adorning hair, that notes

Thy gesture shining bright.

No artful curls, no pamper'd hair,
The pride of mortal clay.
Can parallel the heav'nly air
Of thy well order'd way.

Verse 2. Thy teeth are like a flock of sheep that are even shorn, which came up from the washing: whereof every one hear twins, and none is barren among them.

The world, struck with thy beauty may, Believe my pasture good,

Did they thy grinders white fur vey That champ the heav'nly food.

The teeth, the bread of life that cull, And eager eat my flesh,

Are acts of faith in number full, In nature fair and fresh.

Thy priests, the living bread who break, And nurse the babes new born;

When by an equal law they act,.

Like evenly teeth adorn.

None does his fellow overgrow, Wry'd from his proper place;

But all, as equal grinders, show Due pains to feed thy race.

They hold a comely paritie, Nor orderless molest'

As proud o'ertopping teeth would be Like prelates o'er the rest.

Thine active zeal, yet mild doth keep.

A just equality;

Like

Like ev'nly rounded flocks of sheep, New past the shearer's eye.

Thy purity exceeds their fleece
Washt in the crystal flood;
Thy fruits of holiness and peace
Outvie their num'rous brood.

There does not in the flock appear One fruitless barren womb: But all by twins, their product bear, And lead them bleating home.

Verse 3. Thy lips are like a thread of scarlet, and thy speech is comely: thy temples are like a piece of a pomgranate within thy locks.

I view'd thy beauteous moving lips, Instructing Salem's race, And dropping purest nectar sips,

In fav'ry words of grace.

These sacred pray'rs and praise proceed, So grateful unto God;

Thy lips are like a scarlet thread Dy'd with atoning blood.

These balmy lips with pleasing voice Shrill in devotion's path,

Salute mine ears with secret joys; And spread a fragrant breath.

Thy speech, in praise, to my renown;
And pray'r for bliss from me;
In social words, to make me known;
Shews grace with garvity.

Hence

Hence 'granate like, thy temples fair, Vail'd in thy locks appear; While ruddy bluthes deck thy prayer,

When none but God can hear.

From men thou hid'st thy rosy cheeks, Which shame for sin doth slush.

Yet, spite of masks, thy mien detects.
Thy beauteous holy blush.

Verse 4. Thy neck is like the tower of David builded for an armoury, whereon there hang a thousand bucklers all shields of mighty men.

Besides thy coral lips and cheeks, Thy tow'ring iv'ry neck,

Fram'd like a heav'nly structure, speaks Wisdom its architect.

This neck of precious faith excels

King David's stately tower;

It holds the glotious head and dwells

Upon the rock of power.

As that was for an arm'ry built
Of warlike weapons bright,
Were hung a thousand bucklers gilt,
All shields of men of might:

So this most vig'rous faith of thine More conquest by my names, My words and attributes divine, Than many shields acclaims.

Defensive arms, in ev'ry case,
Within this tower abound;
With weapons of victorious grace,
And bulwarks built around.

Thy neck of faith affimilates
An arm'ry built upright:
It stands renown'd for valiant feats
And boldest acts of might.

Faith joining her almighty King,
Safe, fafe spite of fears, can dwell;
And viewing death without a sting
Defy the gates of hell.

Verse 5. Thy two breasts are like two young roes that are twins, which feed among the lilies \*.

Thy breaks of love refemble roes
Both young delightful twins:
In thee such equal ardour glows
For God, and 'gainst thy sins.

Thou op'nest frank a twofold breast, Two test'ments, and two seals; Which to my children yield a feast Of milk for daily meals.

Thine equal breasts delightful feed
With milk of sweet solace,
In just proportion to the needs
Of all the babes of grace.

Among my flocks, the lilie fields
Where I with pleasure feast,
Thy wholesome conversation yields
Sweet food with open breast,

<sup>\*</sup> See chap. vii- 3.

Verse 6. Until the day break, and the shadow flee away, I will get me up to the mountain of myrrh, and to the bill of frankincense.

I heard thy former warm request,

To haste the shades away,

Or, during night, abide thy guest

Until the break of day.

Thy prayer still in mind I bear,
To which no longer mute,
As then I bent my list ning ear,
So now I grant thy suit.

In Zion mount thy feet shall stay,
And there I'll lodge with thee,
Until the dawn of glory's day,
That shades of forrow slee.

There will I smell the savour sweet
Of active grace and prayer;
For Zion is my chosen seat,
I'll rest for ever there.

Accepted off'rings all mature

My holy hill furround,

Perfum'd with myrrh and incense pure,

That spread their odours round.

No spice so much delights the smell As incense smoaking there; Still therefore shall my spirit dwell Within the house of pray'r.

This mount of incense, hill of myrrh, My grace shall still adorn:

Nor

Nor thence will I decamp or stir, Till glory's nuptial morn;

Till to my royal courts above
My trumpet call thee up,
To confummate our endless love,
And drink full pleasure's cup.

Verse 7. Thou art fair, my love, there is no spot in thee.

My-love, thou feem'st a lothsome worm;
Yet such thy beauties be,
I spoke but half thy comely form;
Thou'rt wholly fair in me.

Whole justify'd in perfect dress;

Nor justice, nor the law

Can in thy robe of righteousness

Discern the smallest slaw.

Yea, fanctfy'd in ev'ry part,
Thou'rt perfect in design;
And I thee judge by what thou art
In thy intent and mine.

Fair love, by grace complete in me,

Beyond all beauteous brides,

Each spot that ever sullied thee

My purple vesture hides.

Verse 8. Come † with me from Lebanon, my spouse, with me from Lebanon: look from the top of Amana, fron the top of Shenir and Hermon, from the licus dens, from the mountains of the leopards.

+ The words here may be read by way of promile, Thou shalt come with me.

H 2

Fair confort, did I thee betroth?

And get thy heart and hand?

I urge thee by thy marriage oath

Regard thy kind command.

Come, come with me from Lebanon,
This mount of vanity;
Faith's object, things unfeen, unknown.
More suit thy high degree.

O new born foul forget
The pompous fopp'ries gay delights,
Toys of thy native state.

Are mortal pleasures worth thy stay,
Or dying shades and toys,
When I invite thy heart away
To share immortal joys?

By faith look from Amana's top,
From Shenir, Hermon fair;
Thence over Jordan look with hope
Where Zion's glories are.

Let me alone possess thy heart, Leave ev'ry lion's den, Brom these wild leopard-hills depart, The place of furious men.

All worldly joys are over-weigh'd.
With hills of vexing care,
And under gawdy pleasures hide
Some ghastly dang'rous snare,

Let blinded moles in earthen hills Their moul'dring store pursue, And like the dust that never fills, Bid thou mole-hills, adieu.

I'll thee to higher blis exalt,

For ever with thy Lord;

Come, come thou must, and come thou shalt, My love's thy drawing cord.

Verse 9. Thou hast \* ravished my heart, my sister, my spouse, thou hast ravished my heart with one of thine eyes, with one chain of thy, neck.

Thy fellowship's my fond desire;.
Thus su'd by kindly calls;

Because my vanquisht heart on fire Thy beauty's captive falls:

I cannot see with pleasure, love, Thy feet on mountains roam

Nor can I rest, until above My palace be my home.

I own, my spouse, and sister dear, Unsham'd my brotherhood:

We're doubly fib, our kindred's near-By marriage and by blood.

Thou haft, my father being thine, In's love a filial part;

And I'm (thou halt so much of mine); Scarce master of my hear).

To thee I bear a love intense, Ev'n to the last degree;

Os taken away my hearts.

Thou, in effect, by violence Has rapt my heart from me.

Of all created beauties brave B'er fashion'd by my hand,

My heart at fuch command.

One glance of thy believing eye, One chain of thy fair neck,

Part of thy form has ravish'd me;.
How must the whole affect?

Thy pow'rful faith and love detains. My heart trap, yet enlarg'd,

With strong delights and pleasing chains, I'm conquer'd and o'ercharg'd.

Verse 10. How fair is my love, my sister, my spouse! how much better is my love than wine! and the smell of thy ointments, than all thy spices!

Dear relative, thou in whose veins

My blood and spirit run,

Bound to my heart by various chains,

I'll in thy praise go on.

Are all thy fruits of love I.

Thy love beyond compare I fee,

And with my heart approve.

My love divine was in thine eye-Prefer'd to richest wine:

And, not to be behind with thee,,
I'll speak the praise of thine.

That chears man's heart apace;

For lo, this fervent grace of thine Can God's own heart folace:

No wine of off rings once pour'd out

As does thy shining life without, From burning love within.

All graces sweet thy love attend,.

By me acceptance find,

And forth their fragrant odours fend, Like oil of purest kind.

The holy unction pour'd on thee Yields to my heart a feast,

And smells more \* redolent to me-

As streams unto their spring restow,

To me is thy recourse:

I call thee fair, who made thee fo; My love's of thine the fource.

Thy love's my due, because of old: With men were my delights;

lijoy'd in loves I should behold,

Now charm'd I'm with the fights.

Heart-piercing love of ancient rife.
Thou didft fo much engross;

The wounds of love made me despise.

The torments of the cross.

<sup>\*</sup> Sweet or favoury.

Verse 11. Thy lips, O my Spouse, drop as the honey-comb: honey and milk are under thy tongue, and the smell of thy garments is like the smell of Lebanon.

O spouse, thy love with lovelines,... Is mixt in word and walk; My tongue takes pleasure to express

How I approve thy talk.

Drops from thy lips distill'd with ease,.

To saints more sweetness yield,

Than honey-combs which busy bees.

Suck from the flow'ry field.

But Canaan's bleffing's glide below Thy fweet instructive tongue:

For thence do milk and honey flow, To feed and feast the young.

Thy heart still with thy tongue agrees,, To fill the flowing tide,

And shew thou art without disguise,, My fair and fertile bride.

Such is thy wonted holy strain,

Refreshing pleasures load,

Thy language in discourse with men,

And duty towards God.

Cloth'd with my righteousness thy smell,,
Is like a field of bliss;

And hath with this, to deck thee well A robe of fav'ry grace.

Hence still abroad thy favour slies In works and practice fair,

Which:

Which Lebanon's perfume outvies, That scents the circling air.

As there sweet smelling trees and flow'rs
Did, fann'd with gales, abound;
Thy gospel-walk sweet odours pours
To God and man around.

Verse 12. A garden inclosed is my-fister, my spouse: a spring shut up, a fountain sealed.

My bride's a garden of folace,
Where fruits and flow'rs abound;
A facred fpot, inclos'd by grace;
Well fenc'd and wall'd around.

From common earth sequestrate quite,

Reserved for my use;

Preserved also by my might,

From vi'lence and abuse.

A spring, diffusing chrystal streams,
Does midst the garden sweil;
Shut up from sultry hurtful beams
And seet would taint the well.

A fountain seal'd for secrecy,

To enhance the worth unseen:

For shelter and security,

To keep it pure and clean.

My privy feal was stampt thereon,

That bliss which heav'n commands

Abroad from thence in rills may run,

And streams o'er distant lands.

As me the Father feal'd to spread For hungry souls heav'n's food; So Zion's springs are seal'd to shed On thirsty ground a slood.

Verse 13. Thy plants are an orchard of pomegranates, with pleasant fruits, campbire with spikenard. Verse 14. Spikenard and saffron, calamus and cinnamon, with all trees of frankincense, myrrh, and aloes, with all the chief spices.

Sweet fruits all flourishing around My garden well beseems;

Which cannot prove a barren ground, Amidst such living streams.

Thy plants of grace do parallel
An orchard rich with trees;
Sweet to delight the taste and smell;
Fair to salute the eyes.

Here 'granates young and camphire grow, Here spice and incense bloom,

Nard, cinnamon, myrth, aloes blow With gales a rich perfume.

Here num'rous plants with fragrant scent, And ordours most refin'd,

All in their nature excellent

And various in their kind.

Thy blooming plants of grace display

A heavinly foil and air;

And sap divine which I convey Makes all the planting fair.

Wild nature's soil could ne'er produce Such trees as here do stand; For special pleasure, special use, All planted by my hand.

Verse 15. A fountain of gardens, a well of living waters and streams from Lebanon.

Thy pleasant garden's blooming plants
All others far excel;

For heav'n, to thine indulgent, grants Streams of falvation's well.

This fountain open, full, and nigh, Makes plants their vigour yield;

Yea, neighb'ring gardens does supply, And each adjacent field.

Thy graces frank their juice convey, Not dript as shallow pails;

But living springs that night and day Flow to refresh the vales.

Such is thy lib'ral flowing mine.

Nor are with penury

Thy bleffings to thy banks confin'd, But common as the fea.

My quick'ning Spirit, freely shed, That Zion's banks my flow.

The river is, whose streams do glad, And make the planting grow.

The well of water here runs o'er, The current to maintain;

With hafty course to endless glore, As rivers to the main.

Not Jordan swell'd from Lebanon So stately rolls her tide; As crystal rivers from the throne-Thro' Zion's valleys glide.

Thy rills of grace to me return,
And own their springs in me:
As garden-streams from thence must run,
With tribute to the sea.

## The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 16. Awake, O north wind, and come, thou south, blow upon my garden, that the spices thereof may flow out: let my beloved come into his garden, and eat his pleasant fruits.

In ample praise, my King I hear Make worthless me his theme; But with a stunn'd, astonish'd ear, I sink to dust for shame.

What humbling wonders he performs!
On mites his picture draws;
Then makes the despicable worms
His subject of applause.

Lord, if I be a garden fair,
On thee the praise must land:
For all my verdent graces were
Plants of thy mighty hand.

Thy spicy fruits thou dost approve,
And deign'st thus to commend,
Are blossoms of thy fruitful love,
And on thy breath depend.

They quickly languish, fade and die; They cease to bud or flow,

And fapless, scentless, fruitless lie, Unless thy Spirit blow.

Awake, O heav'nly wind, and come, Excite the spicey vale;

Blow on this garden of perfume A roufing quickening gale.

On Zion's fons, O Sp'rit divine,

Pour grace and gifts abroad;

Make pastors by perfumes of thine,

A favour fweet to God,

Sharp gales from chilling North command, To rouse the seeds of grace:

Then warming South's foft wings expand,
Till spices flow apace.

From ev'ry point, O mighty wieds, Blow a new Pentecoft:

Let blinded atheistic minds

Know there's a Holy Ghost.

O let my best beloved come, And spread his area broad,

With choicest fruits of rich perfume, Most grateful to my God.

My garden's his, in all its views, The life, the fap, the root;

The product whole to him accrues, From him is all the fruit.

ey

Come, else the banquet cannot stand; Come bring thy pleasing treat, The fruits of thy laborious hand And toil with bloody sweat.

Or Shorter thus :

Am I the garden Heav'n can own, Where living waters flow, As crystal rivers from the throne

To make the planting grow?

O heav'nly wind, awake, and come Blow all thy gracious gales On this my garden of perfume,

Else all its savour fails.

O holy Spirit, from above
My with ring heart inspire,
And raise, by various forms of love,
As various wants require.

Let Nothern breezes fill my fails
With sharp convincing grace:
Then, from the South, refreshing gales.

Resume their joyful place,

Make all the spices flow abroad,
All graces active here,

To entertain my Lord and God, Faith, love, and joy appear.

Let my belov'd his prefence sweet.

Now to his garden grant.

To taste his pleasant fruits, and eat What he himself did plant.

# CHAP V.

Verse 1. I am come into my garden, my sister, my spouse; I have gathered my myrrb with

my spice, I have eaten my honey comb with my honey, I have drunk my wine with my milk: eat, O friend, drink, yea drink abundantly, O beloved.

I'm here at thy request;
And ready both to give and share
The pleasure of the feast.

I'm come, my spouse and sister dear,
I'm to my garden come

To gather up my spice and myrrh.
I'm pleas'd with this persume.

My graces relish like a feast
Of honey, milk, and wine;
I make myself a welcome guest,
The fruits are mine and thine.

Eat, drink, O friends, whom I approve, I also welcome you:

Yea, drink abundance of my love, Full freedom I allow,

Your fainting spirits here refresh
With plenty spread abroad,
The grace and love, the blood and slesh

Of your incarnate God.

Not elect angels ever share

Such strange and matchless food;

They feast on their Creator's care,

Not your Redeemer's blood.

## The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 2. I sleep, but my beart waketh: it is the voice of my beloved that knocketh, saying, I 2 Open Open to me my fifter, my love, my dove, my undefiled: for my bead is filled with dew, and my locks with the drops of the night.

The heart of Jesus kind I see, But mine ungrateful fails; Two natures are at odds in me, And oft the worst prevails.

Both sleeping slesh I have, that rests
In sloth unto my shame;
And waking grace, that still protests
Against the lazy frame.

Hence, though I sleep, I at my heart
Some inward knocking hear;
'Tis Jesus voice, his loving dart
Thus wounds my waking ear.

"Come, open, my unspotted dove,
"Thy heart I bolted find;
"Awake my lifter; rise my love

"Awake, my sister; rife, my love, "Let in thy dearest friend.

"Wrath's midnight show'r bedew'd my locks
"Storms on my head did blow;

"Wilt thou unkindly flight my knocks "Who suffer'd for thee so,

"And now stand waiting patiently
"To give thee purchas'd good,

"At prefent ready to apply
"The bleffings of my blood?"

Verse 3. I have put off my coat, how shall I put it on? I have washed my feet, how shall I defile them?

When

When thus in most endearing terms
Kind Jesus knock'd and cry'd
My heart resisting heavenly charms,
On bed of sloth reply'd:

"My cloaths are off, my nap is sweet, "How shall I rise undrest?

"How shall I stain my new-washt feet?"
"Excuse me, let me rest."

My non-admission of his grace
His holy Spirit vext;
My answer for my laziness
Was but a vile pretext.

Verse 4. My beloved put in his hand by the hole of the door, and my bowels were moved \* for him.

When I so shamefully refus'd.

Access to my belov'd,

Another kindly way he us'd,

Which my affections mov'd.

Tho' I his word did basely slight, Yet, ere I was aware,
His Spirit by resistless might

His Spirit by resistless might Did kindly draw the bar.

He, to unbolt the door, put in

His gracious hand of power:

Then did his love upbraid my fin,,

And melt my bowels fore.

Verse 5. I rose up to open to my beloved, and my bands dropped with myrrb, and my fin-

gers with sweet-smelling myrrh, upon the bandles of the lock.

How long he stood, how oft he knock'd, How patient, who can tell?

What drops of grace on th' entry lock'd.

From his sweet fingers fell?

At length I rose from off my bed, My drowsy bed of sloth,

To open to my spouse who had My solemn marriage-oath.

Soon by the wet-lock-handles were My fingers moist'ned much,
And sweetly dropt with oil of myrchLeft by his melting touch.

His quick'ning Sp'rit heart-fetters broke,, And heal'd my dull disease;

As dropping oil that makes the lock, Soon yield and ope with ease.

Verse 6. I opened to my beloved, but my belovcd bad withdrawn himself, and was gone: my soul failed when he spake: I sought him, but I could not find him; I called him, but he gave me no answer.

I open'd straight to my belov'd, Expecting his embrace;

But, ah! from thence he had remov'd,... And juftly hid his face.

Mine aking heart did now collect His words that gave the wound,

And

And, wailing fore my base neglect, Away my spirit swoon'd.

With great perplexity I fought,
But him I could not find

I call'd, but, ah! no answer got n.
To ease my restless mind.

So much my former slothfulness To present damage turn'd;

In grief I doubled mine address, Yet still his absence mourn'd.

Verse 7. The watchmen that went about the city, found me, they smote me, they wounded me; the keepers of the wall took away my vail from me.

When, I, in private means, with care Had fought, but fought in vain;

I try'd his public courts, but there, Redoubled was my pain.

Kind paftors formerly condol'd My case with sympathy;

But now I met with fuch as rul'd.
With force and cruelty.

Untender watchmen, on their rounds. In open streets me got,

Afflicted me with many wounds,
And without mercy fmote.

They hurt my name, my head, my crown, And fore reproach'd my zeal;

<sup>\*</sup> Ezek. XXXIV. 4

Wall-keepers rude, thus beat me down,, And tore away my vail.

My fair profession they defam'd,.

Nor did my failings hide;

A strolling harlot I was nam'd,

And not a loving bride.

Verse 8. I charge you O daughters of ferufalem, if ye find my beloved, that ye tell him, that I am sick of love.

O Salem's race, when watchmen wound, .
Won't ye more favour shew?
What pity can't with them be found,,
May I expect with you.

I'want my soul's beloved one,

None else can give me ease;
I'm sick of love; Oh! is there none:

To tell him my disease!

His absence from my soul is death;.

O, if ye find his grace,

I charge you with my dying breath,

To represent my case.

#### The COMPANIONS Words

Verse 9. What is thy beloved more than another beloved. O thou fairest among women? what is thy beloved more than another beleved, that thou dost so charge us?

Fair lover, thou who dost to us. Thy moaning speech direct,

Whofe

Whose shining beauteous carriage thus Commands our high respect;

The object does thy love engage,
We judge by viewing thee,
Must surely be some personage

Of very high degree.

What's thy beloved? pray let us know, For whom thou art so fad,

And giv'st such solemn charge, as tho'
He not an equal had.

Thou fairest beauty, can't thou see
His match when he removes?
Pray what alluring charms has he
Beyond all other loves?

### The CHURCH's Words

Verse 10. My beloved is white and ruddy, the chiefest \* among ten thousand.

If why I love my Jesus so,

The wond'ring world enquire,

My grounds are such as, did they know,

Their hearts would also fire.

O there is no belov'd like mine!

He's white and ruddy both;

All human beauties, all divine

His glorious person clothe.

White in his natures both decry'd, From ev'ry blemish free;

Or Standard-bearer,

And ruddy in his garments dy'd With blood he shed for me.

Was he not red but only white,

The lily not the rose,

He might suffice the angel's fight:

But I am none of those.

Was he not white but only red,
A suff'rer for his sin,
His blood would rest upon his head,
Nor could I joy therein.

But here's my joy and confidence,

Both mixt I fee by faith,

The whiteness of his innocence,

The redness of his death.

Since for my fin he bore difgrace,
Who yet from fin was free;
This makes his white and ruddy face
A beauty neet for me.

The chief of chiefs beyond compare, Immanual God-man, Among ten thousand ensigns fair, Triumphant leads the van.

To him the heav'ns their homage bring,
To him celeftial throngs,

Ten thousand saints and angels sing, With rapture on their tongues.

The root of Jesse's rod,

Nor speak the greatness of the man,

The grandeur of the God.

Verse

I

G

Verse 11. His bead is as the most fine gold, his locks are busby, and as black as a raven.

His head which once was crown'd with thorns And where all wisdom dwells,

A crown of glory bright adorns, Which finest gold excels.

So firm, so bright, so eminent, And durable for ay,

Is his extensive government, And universal sway.

Black as a rav'n, his curled hair And bushy locks; a mark That still his age is fresh and fair, His counsels deep and dark.

Beauties of youth and age agree
To deck his awful fway;
Fair youth without inconstancy,
Full age without decay.

Verse 12. His eyes are as the eyes of doves by the rivers of waters washed with milk, and \* fitly set.

His dove like eyes most bright appear Like these the brooks have wet,

Or milky streams have moistned clear, Like diamonds fitly set.

His sparkling eyes with piercing sight O'ersee the shades of death;

erse

Fitly placed, and fet as a precious stone in the foil of a ring.

Inspecting

Inspecting secrets of the night, And searching hell beneath.

He with his fixt and steady eyes Beholding distant parts,

Both deep of divine counsel spies, And deep of human hearts.

Behold both loftiness and love In his omniscient eye;

The eagle temper'd with the dove, With meekness, majesty.

Verse 13. His checks are as a bed of spices, as † sweet flowers: his lips like lilies, dropping sweet smelling myrrh.

His rofy cheeks a bed of flow'rs
Still tow'ring up perfume;
Or spices that with summer-show'rs

Their sweetest scent resume.

These very cheeks he once resign'd To them that pluk't the hair, Most sweetly to th' enligten'd mind

Most sweetly to th' enligten'd mind Refreshing virtue share.

His lips, refembling lily-blooms, Drop fav'ry words of grace,

Like oil of myrrh with fine perfumes, To fuit a fainting case.

The balmy drops his lips afford, Give life to fons of death:

† Towers of persume.

The vital favour of his word Restores expiring breath.

Verse 14. His bands are as gold rings set with the beryl, his \* belly is as bright ivory overlaid with sapphires.

His hands are fairer to behold,

Tho' once nail'd to the tree,

Than beryls fet in rings of gold;

So rich in bounty's he.

His operations mighty, vast,
No mortal understands;
For all the works of God have past
Thro' these his precious hands.

No iv'ry fine so bright is found, With sapphires overlaid; As bowels of compassion round Do gild his pierced side.

The love about his heart that twines
Still firm without decay,
In instances unnumber'd shine
With sparkling bright array.

Verse 13. His legs are as pillars of marble, fet upon sockets of fine gold: bis countenance is as Lebanon, excellent as the cedars.

On golden fockets fine;
So firm's the throne of his command,
So ev'n his paths divine.

The

Or bowels, the same words as in Verse 4.

His stately steps his steady way, His stable kingdom proves:

He's folid gold, not mould'ring clay-Like fading mortal loves.

His countenance more lofty is

Than Lebanon by far,

More excellent than all its trees

And flately cedars are.

So high so eminent is he,

That in his person shine,

The glories of the Deity,

With majesty divine.

Verse 16. His mouth is most sweet: yea, + he is altogether lovely.

Lo, his bleft mouth that once did taste. The bitter gall for me,

With charms divinely sweet is grac'd, Unto the last degree.

Does thence so sweetly run;
They share the Father's grace for ny
Who do but kiss the Son.

His mouth a triple heav'n imports
A word, a fmile, a kis;

A triple doom to pash their sports. Whose lips profane the blis.

How hard, the' fweet, this limning talk!
I faint, I must succumb;

+ He is all defires.

He is (if what he is, you ask)
All over loves in sum.

How weak my tongue his glory fings, Which drowns feraphic art;

He's all desiderable things, And charms in ev'ry part.

Adoring heav'ns his name confoss.

The infinite unknown,

And in created human drefs
The uncreated One.

Their tongues that do his glory speak, In loud and lofty lays,

For higher notes are still to seek. And never reach his praise.

I wrong his name with words fo faint, Nor half his worth declare:

Can finite pencils ever paint.

The infinitely fair?

O daughters of ferusalem.

My union to her person dear,
Bears such substantial blis;

All mortal loves and friendships here, Are but the shade of this.

What ever sweet relations be 'Mong creatures great or small,

There's infinite desparity

Between him and them all.

Yet how much in himself he is. So much he is to me:

K 2

For he is mine, and I am his, And evermore shall be.

The more I hold his glory forth, Or would his name unfold; The more incomparable worth

I still in him behold.

Now this, O Salem's progeny, This is my love, my friend; Search heav'n and earth, but fure am I, His match you'll never find.

Your question far exceeds my reach, What's my belov'd? faid ye: His praise defeats my fault'ring speech ; But (pray you) come and fee.

#### CHAP VI. STILL STREET

tow keeps the disches to

# The COMPANION's Words.

Verse 1. Whither is thy beloved gone, O thoufairest among women? whether is thy beloved turned afide? that we may feek bim with thee.

CUCH glorious things are told by thee About thy matchless mate; His feekers too we fain would be, And share thy happy state.

Thy holy walk and talk is fuch, Thy countenance so fair, We think whom thou commend's fo much, Must be beyond compare.

O where is thy beloved gone;

Thou fairest of thy kind,

So happy in that glorious one

On whom thou set'st thy mind.

Where he is gone? pray let us know What place frequents he most?

That we in quest of him may go,

Nor find our travel lost.

# The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 2. My beloved bas gone down into his garden, to the bed of spices, to feed in the gardens, and to gather lilies.

Lo, my belov'd, tho' he enthron'd In glory keeps his place, Yet here below is to be found In gardens of his grace.

He plants, he waters ev'ry tree,

His bleffing makes them ipring;

Then gladly comes he down to fee

What rich increase they bring.

He walks among the spicy beds, .

Where aromatics flow;

And in his young plantations feeds, ... Where fruits delicious grow.

He gathers there his chosen crop. Of lilies, without toil;

And, when full-ripe, he picks them up . To deck his fairer foil.

K .3

Th' affemblies of his growing faints.

Are still his chief repair:

Whoe'er his gracious presence wants, May seek with success there.

Verse 3. \* I am my beloved's and my beloved is mine: be feedeth among the lilies.

Tho' now my Lord from me abfcond, Yet judge him not unkind:

In's temple oft I have him found,
And hope again to find.

And the from me to sense he hides.

My faith holds fast his name;

Mine in'trest in him firm abides, I will not quite my claim.

He has my warmest love ingrost, And I possess his heart;

His love and mine unite, I boaft.
Nor death nor hell can part.

The bond of love so sirm abides,, Ev'n in the darkest day,

That the behind the shade he hides,... He's never for away.

Tho' he his noblest table spreads, Among his flow'rs above;

Yet here amidst his lily-beds He keeps his featts of love.

The ordinances of his grace, Are fields of his repair;

\*See chap. ii. 16. this more largely explained. There

There I have feen his glorious face, And you may fee him there.

#### CHRIST's Words.

Verse 4. Thou art beautiful, O my love, as an army with banners.

How comely is the bride I fee,
Who thus mine absence wail'd,
And kindly thought and spoke of me.
Ev'n when my face was veil'd.

Thy zeal for me when I withdrew.

I highly must approve;

And now return to thee to shew.

My great respect and love.

I did forgive, and have forgot,,
All thine infirmities::

Thy holy foul, from fin remote, ... ls beauteous in mine eyes.

More fair thou are, my lovely prey,, More comely in my fight,

Than ever Tirzah once so gay, Or Salem once so bright.

Thine aspect's awful majesty.

Does strike thy foes with fear;

As armies do, when banners fly, And martial flags appear.

How does thine armour glitt'ring bright Their frighted spirits quell?

The

The weapons of thy warlike might.

Defy the gates of hell.

Verse 5. Turn away thine eyes from me, for they have overcome me +:

Small wonder that thy foes must bow When faith does keep the field;

For, lo, I am thy captive too, And kindly forc'd to yield.

Thy charming eyes of faith and love,, That makes myself their prize,

Have overcome me; pray remove And turn away thine eyes.

They pow'rfully my heart detain, , My kindly passions fill;

Yet no unwilling vict'ry gain,, But win me to thy will.

Thy darling, gallant arms of grace; Have o'er me fuch a fway;

I'm conquer'd with their kind embrace;, And cannot fay thee nay.

Thy piercing eyes, that ravish me,... Command me as thy list::

My Spirit's aiding force in thee, ... Is pow'r I can't relift.

Gease, wrestling Jacob, let me go,,
My love let me alone;
If not, except I bless thee; lo!
My blessing thou hast won.

+ See more on this subject. chap, iii. 4. and iv. o. Thy

from Gilead. Verie 6. Thy teeth are as a flock of sheep which go up from the washing, whereof every one heareth twins, and there is not one harren among them. Verie 7. As a piece of pomegranate are thy temples within thy locks.

Thy flothful carriage toward me At our last interview, Tho' I observ'd with jealousy, And thereupon withdrew.

Yet never judge thy change of frame My heart from thee could move:

For still, like solid rocks, the same Is my unshaken love.

Thy praise I founded in thine ears Ere thou wast so unkind;

And now indulge no faithless fears, As if I chang'd my mind.

For to evince thy love I bore

Does still the same remain,

I now commend thee as before,

And in the former strain.

Gay, like a comely flock of goats:
On Gilead's stately height,
Is thine adorning hair, that notes.
Thy conversation bright.

‡ See these words more largely explained, chap.

No broider'd ornamental hair,

That trims up mortal clay,

Can parallel the heav'nly air

Of thy well-order'd way.

Thy teeth the bread of life that eat, And feed upon my flesh,

Are acts of faith in number great, In nature fair and fresh.

Thine active zeal, yet mild, does keep.
A just equality,

Like ev'nly rounded flocks of sheep. New past the shearer's eye.

Thy purity exceeds their fleece Washt in the crystal flood;
Thy fruits of holiness and peace Outvy their num'rous brood.

There does not in the flock appear One barren, fruitless womb: But all by twins their offspring bear,

And bring them bleating home.

Like 'granates halv'd thy temples fair.
Within thy locks appear;

While ruddy blushes deck thy pray'r.
When none but God can hear.

Thou modest hid'st thy rosy cheeks.

When sins with shame 'em slush:
Yet thro' the mask, thy mein detects

Thy beautecus holy blush.

Werse 8. There are threescore queens, and fourscore concubines, and virgins without number. ber. Verse 9. My dove and my undefiled is but one: she is the only one of ber mother, she is the choice one of ber that bare her: the daughters saw her, and blessed her: yea, the queens and the concubines, and they praised her.

Thy fong gave me the chiefest name Among ten thousand heirs, And thee the fairest I proclaim Among ten thousand fairs.

Queens, concubines, and virgins are
Unnumber'd, whom thy call
Bright dazzling beauties, charming fair;
But thou excel'lt them all.

Most holy souls, of high descent,
Are beauties most renown'd:
The righteous is more excellent
Than all the neighbours round.

My spotless dove as one I view, Yea, all in one to me; Her mother-church's darling too, And choicest progeny.

The daughters, her professing friends, Beheld her beauty great; And straight admir'd her in their minds,

And bleft her in the gate.

11-

er.

Yea, queens and damfels more renown'd Did all to her give place, And with extolling praises crown'd Her comely shining grace.

Verfe

Verse 10. Who is she that looketh forth as the morning, fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners?

"Who's this, faid they, fo brightly springs "Like to the morning ray,

"That cleaves night shades with silver wings,
"To haste the golden day?

"Much fairer than the gilded moon "Her graces shine in dress,

" And clearer than the fun at noon, "Her spotless righteousness.

"Behold in love to brats forlorn,"
"What wonders heav'n performs!

"That does with stateliness adorn
"Defil'd and loathsome worms.

"By armour which her captain lends,
"Until her warfare close,

"She's render'd helpful to her friends,
"And hurtful to her foes.

"Yea, while she does her rank maintain, "And cast her airs abroad,

"Her grace is awful toward men,
"And pow'rful toward God."

Verse 11. I went down into the garden of nuts, to see the fruits of the valley, and to see whether the vine flourished, and the pomegranates budded.

With friendly mind I hid my face, Yet went not far away,

Within

Retiring but a little space, My orchard to survey.

I went but down to fee anew
My garden of sweet nuts,
Within the shady grove, and view
The pleasant valley-fruits:

To notice round my labour'd plain,
If all was very good;
If tender vines produc'd their grain,
And pomegranates their bud;

If all the water'd flow'ry plains
Along the verdent field.
Did fruits, proportion'd to my pains,
Ev'n in my absence yield.

Into my heart what chearfulness
And pleasure did it bring,
To see the early buds of grace
And blossoms of the spring?

I ravish'd faw my beauteous bride, Lament my absence sore; Nor could myself in thickets hide, From her a moment more.

Verse 12. Or ever I was aware, my soul \* made me like the chariots of Amminadib.

Such had my bride's inviting frame

Ev'n in my absence been;

No longer could I hide the slame

Of my affections keen,

\* Or, fet me on the chariots of my princely willing people.

Ravish'd

My bowels did me move;
Into her praying arms I flew
On speedy wings of love.

Sweet rapt'rous passion rose in me, But most divine in mode,

As far as rapture can agree, Or passion to a God.

My fond affections vehement In ways of grace divine,

All towards her intenfely bent, Pursu'd their love-design.

My willing people I provide

Bright graces, princely charms:

And in these siery chariots ride With speed into their arms.

Oil'd wheels of faith and warm desire That make thyself their chase,

Fetch from mine altar still more fire.
Of sweet surprising grace.

No chariot of Amminadib,

However fwitt or bright,

The heav'nly rapture can descri

The heav'nly rapture can describe
Of love's delicious flight.

So rapid oft, the never rash,

The motions of my grace,
'Tween heav'n and earth, are like a slash

Of lightning in a trice.

Verse 13. Return, return, O Shulamite, return, return, that we may look upon thee: what will ye see in the Shulamite? as it were the company of two armies.

Love, in my absence short, wast thou With sin and grief opprest?

O blame thy faithless heart, and now Return unto thy rest.

With confidence and without fear Thy heav'nly Husband face,

Who wills thee boldly to appear Before his throne of grace.

The heav'ns unite their voice with mine.
Thy heart return to move:

Allow thyfelf no more to whine, Suspicious of my love.

Return, O drooping Shulamite, In haste return; for we

Heav'n's Trinity and hosts unite With joy to welcome thee.

We want to see thee at his call
Whose peace thy name adorns;

He with his faints and angels all Will joy at thy returns.

What is the feeble Shulamite, What's to be feen (you'll fay) Is struggling grace a goodly fight,

When fin regains the day?

Nay, lo my bride (tho' apt she be Herself to under-rate)

I, on the field of battle, see
In warlike pomp and state.

Behold

Behold two armies in her camp,
The doubled hofts of God;
Her lovers charms, her haters damp,
Her happy triumph bode.

## CHAP VII.

#### CHRIST'S WORDS.

Verse 1. How beautiful are thy feet with shoes, O prince's daughter! the joints of thy thighs are like jewels, the work of thy hands of a cunning workman.

For I my new creation whole
Still view with great delight.

How noble is thy high descent,

Nor sordid from the earth!

How does thy gesture document

Thy new and heav'nly birth!

O princess of the royal race!

Thy feet with golden shoes,

Do sparkle while thy walk thro' grace, Becomes the gospel-news.

The steps of thy affections clean, And conversation fair,

Display a heav'nly, royal mien, A sweet and stately air.

The joints, that strength and motion do-To thy right steps impart,

Like

Like orient jewels burnish'd news.

Speak holy curious art.

Thro' thy fair port in facred things.

Thy joints as gems appear;

While holy principles and springs.
Thy course of duty steer.

Verse 2. Thy navel is like a round goblet, which wanteth not liquor, thy belly is like an heap of wheat, set about with lilies.

As in thy sparkling bright array, Eorm'd to thy pedigree; So with thy shining outward way Thine inward shapes agree.

A wretched infant once thou wast, To open field cast out,

From native blood and stains unwasht,

Nor was thy navel cut.

But now, how neat's thy gracious form, Fed by a glorious spring! Since grace transform'd the loathsome worm,

To quite another thing.

Thy infant broad to ripeness grows Which thy kind bowels feed,

Like to a bowl that overflows
With liquor for their need.

My Spirit is (to fill thy cup, And give thee rich increase)

A well of water springing up.
In thee to endless bliss.

L 3

Thy fruitful womb an heap of wheat

Thy royal marriage makes thee meet. For bearing fruit to God.

Fruit deckt around with flow'rs-de-luce, Each grace of active vent;

A product rich of fruit for use, With flow'rs for ornament.

Fair Zion's fertile womb has meat.
For babes her lily-brood;

And yields them plenty store of wheat, . When ripe for folid food.

Verse 3. Thy two breasts are like two young roes that are twins +.

Thy breasts of love resembles roes
That seem delightful twins;
Such equal care to seed them shows,
Thy babes in sacred inns.

Thou op'nest frank a twofold breast, I Two test'ments and two seals, Which to thy children yield a feast Of milk for daily meals.

Thine equal breafts delightful feed With milk of sweet folace, In just proportion to the need Of all the babes of grace.

<sup>·</sup> Resembles.

My children dear nurs'd at my fide.

Thy kindly bowels show,

And plainly prove my beauteous bride A fruitful mother too.

Verse 4. \* Thy neck is as a tower of ivory; thine eyes like the fish pools of Heshbon, by the gate of Bethrabbim: thy nose is as the tower of Lebanon, which looketh toward. Damascus.

Thy neck of precious faith excels.

The fairest iv'ry tower;

It holds the glorious head, and dwells.
Upon the rock of power.

Rais'd and conspicious, it attracts
All eyes, and wonder breeds:

It stands renown'd for valiant acts, For strange and mighty deeds.

No iv'ry whiter than the fwan.

Can match thy precious faith:

No tow'r with equal boldness can.

Dely the gates of death.

Thine eyes like Heshbon's clear fish pools.

Near by Bathrabbim's gate,

Enlightn'd brightly, twie the fools, .
That hug blind nature's state.

More clear than any filver brook, Thine eyes of knowledge trace

Hid myst'ries in the sacred book. Unsathom'd deeps of grace.

<sup>\*</sup> See chap. iv. 4.

But all conceal'd this glory lies From haughty fons of pride,

Whose boasted wit does blind their eyes,, And heav'nly light deride.

Thy nose of quick sagacity.

Like Leb'non's tower does rise,

And with bold look Damascus spy.

To face thine enemies.

Because they strong and subtile are, Thou keepest the frontier-tow'r;

To smell their policy afar, And watch against their pow'r.

Werse 5. Thine head upon thee is like Carmel \*\* and the bair of thine head like purple.

Thy heav'nly mind intelligent: Excells the wife on earth,

While strangers to thy high descent,,
And to thy heav'nly birth.

Thy lofty head and stately brow Looks to the heav'ns a bove,

And scornful smiles on all below, ... As worthless of thy love.

Thy helmet and thy head-piece is Hope built on precious blood ::

High is thy head extoll'd by this 'Bove ev'ry foe and flood.

Higher by far than Carmel top, The walls of heav'n to scale;

Or crimfon.

When thine advent'rous foaring hope ... Takes place within the veil.

Th' excellency of Carmel high

Can't match thy crimfon head;

Its hairs are of the purple dye

Which once thy Lord did bleed.

Each pin that holds thy hair in dress, Each glance from grace within, Speaks universal stateliness; Not one disorder'd pin.

Does so thy beauty hance, A lustre shines in every grace, A charm in every glance.

-The king is \* held in the galleries.

To prove the beauty ravishing
And lustre of thy dress;
How does it captivate the king,
And deep his heart impress!

Jesus the King of kings renown'd

Is held within thine arms,
In gall'ries of his grace, and bound

A captive to thy charms.

The glorious and majestic One,
Whom death could ne'er detain.
Is by thy powerful graces won,
And ty'd as with a chain.

Strange loveliness it is that sways.

The regent of the skies!

Or bound.

Constraining him to stay and gaze;
It so attracts his eyes.

Bold with the King are faith's efforts:

Blefs'd they the conquest share!

Who win him to his facred courts,

And then can hold him there.

Such is the glory of his grace,

He boafts to be o'ercome;

And feafts the victor with folace,

Who fought but for a crumb.

Verse 6. \* How fair and how pleasant ark thou, O love, for delights !

O love no words can specify
Thy forms of loveliness:
Delights of diverse kinds in thee
Are more than I express.

No equal for delights hast thou, No match on earth below : I call thee fair and pleasant too, Because I made thee so.

My love, thy dress without how fair E. Within, how sweet to me !

My righteousness and graces are The robes I made for thee.

My lab'ring life was spent throughout.

The marriage suit to spin,

That makes my bride all fair without,

All glorious too within.

<sup>\*</sup> O how fair art thou in me.

Verse 7. This thy stature is like a palm tree, and thy breasts to clusters of grapes.

The sweet proportion I observe Of graces fair in thee;

None from his proper station swerve, But act harmoniously.

Thy stature, like the palm-tree firm, Is stately, straight, and tall:

No burden can the flourish harm, No years the growth enthral.

Thy breasts of love to me and mine, Square to the gospel plan,

Chear, like the clusters full of wine, The heart of God and man.

Verse 8. I said, I will go up to the palm tree, I will take hold of the boughs thereof: now also thy breasts shall be as clusters of the wine, and the smell of thy nose like apples.

" I will, faid I, this palm-tree climb,

"This lovely walk approve,

"And to my bride in holy trim."
"I'll manifest my love \*.

"I'll apprehend my faving grace.

"As I decreed of old,

"Her little boughs, her tender race,
"And never quit the hold."

Lo, heav'n shall then then thy breasts inspire, As clusters fill'd with wine;

<sup>.</sup> John xiv. 21.

Thy presence shall thy graces fire To thy content and mine.

The breath of life thy nostrils blow Shall with sweet scent abound,

No fav'ry apples e'er could throw Such grateful odours round.

Verse 9. And the roof of thy mouth like the best wine, (for \* my beloved,) that goeth down sweetly, causing the lips of † those that are asleep to speak.

Thy palate drench'd with holy love Shall drop the richest wine;

So sweet thy pray'rs and praise shall prove A feast to me and mine.

I'll taste thy chear, and speak it good,
For thou'lt in upright ways
Derive it from thy plentitude,
Devote it to my praise.

Drops from the living vine that stream
With sweetness down will go;
To make thy cold affections slame,
Thy wither'd graces grow.

My spirit's gen'rous wine will make The old renew their days, The dead to life, the dull to wake, The dumb to speak his praise.

A parenthesis of the bride's, say some.

### The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 10. I am my beloved's, and bis defire is towards me.

Lo, how my loving Lord commends
Base me, who blush to hear,

And blood of grapes from Eshcol sends My drooping heart to chear.

I'm not mine own, but his I'll be Whose love my heart doth fire,

And thus has fix'd on worthless me His conjugal defire.

What line can this love-ocean found? What tongue its measure tell!

Whose height immense, and deep profound, Won heav'n and vanquish'd hell,

Verse 11. Come, my beloved, let us go forth into the field, let us lodge in the villages.

Come dearest love, let us retire From this vain earth's annoy;

That undisturb'd communion near We may alone enjoy.

We'll chuse some secret, lonely place, To vent our joys the more;

And forage in the field of grace, Until we feast in glore.

Thy company such hidden trains
Of consolation brings:

That

That, pois'd with this, my foul disdains The pomp of earthly kings.

In rural villages below

Come let us lodge all night,

Till dusky shades of sin and woe

Give place to glory's light.

Verse 12. Let us get up early to the vineyards, let us see if the vineyard flourish, whether the tender grape appear, and the pomegranates bud forth: there will I give thee my loves.

Unto the vineyards of thy grace,
Come let us early go;
To fee in his retiring place
If all the planting grow.

Come visit, Lord, thy sacred ground,
See how thy nurs'ries bear,
In vines and grapes and 'granates round,
Their flow'ry raiments wear.

O come along, my fuccour grant,
While I thy fruits review;
For at thy presence ev'ry plant
Its verdure will renew.

The vines their bloffom will refume,
The tender grapes revive;
See how the 'granates then will bloom,
And all the graces thrive.

In these retirements while I live, Thy presence I'll improve;

And

And joyful there I will thee give The tokens of my love.

In nearness sweet with thee apart I'll dash vain loves with ire,

And wholly offer thee my heart In flames of holy fire.

Verse 13. The mandrakes gives a smell, and at our gates are all manner of pleasant fruits, new and old, which I have laid up for thee, O my beloved.

Here Lord, for thee the garden's drest, For thee the feast is spread:

Come then vouchfafe with me to rest, Below the verdent shade.

The mandrakes here, love-fruits and flow'rs, Do spead their odours round;

And at our very gates sweet stores.

And fruits of grace are found.

Embracing faith is here, to meet. My Lord when he appears;

Repentance here to wash his feet. With floods of joyful tears.

Love, joy, and all the heav'nly train, Old fruits with new increase,

I aid up in store to entertain The God of all my grace.

Come thou, to whom I all devote,
O my beloved Lord;

Lo, all that's from thy fulness got Is for thy glory stor'd.

M. 2.

'Tis thine to plant, and prune, and dress;
Thou mak'st the garden grow:
In thee my all I still posses,
To thee my all I owe.

# CHAP. VIII.

## The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 1. O that thou wert as my brother that sucketh the breasts of my mother I when I should find thee without, I would kiss thee, yea, \* I should not be dispised.

So sweet I find thy heav'nly charms, Still more and more I bode; And long to clasp within mine arms. A whole incarnate God.

O would thou as my brother wert, My mother's fucking child! I'd kifs, and hug thee in my heart, And should not be revil'd.

Yea, in the op'nest, patent place,
Without a blush thro' shame,
I would with joyful arms embrace
The babe of Bethlehem.

Hell could reproach thy church of old,

That low'd a child unborn:

But now the fon is given, I'm bold

To love, and fear no fcorn.

<sup>\*</sup> Heb. They should not despise me.

To him I'll give the highest room.

And joy beneath his shade,

That deign'd to bliss the virgins womb,

And human nature wed.

My God's my brother now in dress;
And if he would allow't,
Tho' hell should mock my fond cares,
I'd openly avow't.

Verse 2. I would lead thee, and bring thee into my mother's house, who would instruct me;
I would cause thee to drink of spiced wine,
and of the juice of my pomegranate.

I would attend and usher thee
Into my mother's home;
Then would her courts instructive be;
For light for pow'r would come.

Her children would thy glory fee,
Did they thy presence share;
And I for entertaining thee
Would bring my choicest fare.

To spices wine with 'granates juice I would thee welcome make; And greatly would my heart rejoice, Wer't better for thy sake.

Well were the feast bestow'd on thee;

For thine my graces are,

Who, when thou com'st to feed with me,

Dost bring along the fare.

Verse 3. His left hand \* should be under my bead, and his right hand should embrace me to

Lo, he descending from above, In answer to my pray'r, Enfolds me in his arms of love,

To shew his tender care.

His left hand for my support he
Beneath my head does place;
Then for my comfort lends he me

His right hand's foft embrace.

His presence brings a filver show'r.

Of blessings from above;

I'm closely guarded with his pow'r, And girded with his love.

For my folace 'gainst sin and death,

1'll feel his glad'ning charms;

And, for my fafety, underneath His everlasting arms.

O welcome bleft and happy hour When he unveils his face:
I'm then supported by his pow'r,
Comforted by his grace.

Verse 4. ‡ I charge you, O daughters of ferusalem § that ye stir not up, nor awake my love till be please.

\* Or rather is. 
† See Chap. ii. 6.

† See these words more largely spoken to chap. ii.
7. and iii. 5.

† Why should ye stir up, or why awake, &c.

O Salem's daughter, now, I pray
And charge you, stand in awe
T' awake my love, or any way
Provoke him to withdraw.

This heavinly quiet mar not ye-With loud offensive noise;

Why should ye rob yourselves and me-Of such uncommon joys?

His smiles are free, he comes and goes,.
The happy hour is this:

Why should she prove such wretched foes,.

To interrupt the blis?

My glorious Lord now refts within Mine arms of faith and love;

I charge myself, my heart, my sin, ... Not once to stir or move.

While he allows his visit sweet,.

Let none his rest annoy;

O may I never grieve his Sp'rit,, Nor fin away my joy.

## The Companions Words.

Verse 5. (Who is this that cometh up from the wilderness leaning upon her beloved?)

What fair and lovely bride is this!

Tho' prest with griefs and sins,
Yet trav'ling from the wilderness,
On her beloved leans.

How boldly does she in his name And in his strength go on, All other righteousness disclaim, And mention his alone!

His wings bear up her foul aloft, . Bove at that can molest:

His bosom is the pillow fost.

On which her head doth rest.

Lo, how on his almighty arms She can her cares unload!

And march thro' all opposing harms,, Depending on her God.

Her fir'd affections upward tow'r,,
And with a heav'nly air,
Contempt on earthly glory pour,

As far below her care.

Ascending from the wilderness
Of forrow, sin and thral,
And strongly bent for heav'nly bliss,
She leaves the dusky ball.

### The CHURCH's Words.

-I raised thee up under the apple tree: there thy mother brought thee forth, there she brought thee forth that bare thee.

To men's applause with mighty maze
What small regard is due!
But, Lord, with thee, who art my praise,
Let me my suit pursue.

+ Thee in the Hebrew has the mirk of the maf-

Such sweet experience, Lord, I had Beneath the apple-tree; Under thy shadow still I'm glad, Alone to meer with thee.

I rais'd thee up in secret pray'r,

Thy joyful help to yield:

For by the grace I wrestled ther

For by thy grace I wrestled there, And by thy grace prevail'd.

Thy mother too that brought thee forth, Hard traviling with annoy,

There at her Son, her Saviour's birth.
Forgot her pangs for joy.

The faints beneath thy fruitful shade.

Thy beauteous likeness wore;

They that in forrow travail'd had,.
In joy thine image bore.

Thy shadow thus to them and me.
Such pleasure does afford,

That more and more I long to fee.

Thy glory there, O Lord.

Verse 6. Set me as a seal upon thine heart; as a seal upon thine arm:---

Grant, Lord, my name engrav'd may be.
Upon thy heart and breast;

And so insure thy love to me, My glorious God and priest.

O set me stedfast as a seal Upon thine arm divine,

And by confirming marks reveal: Thy mighty love is mine.

Grant

Grant also, Lord, my love to thee May firmly be imprest:

And let thy name and fignet be Deep stampt upon my breast.

O may my heart the center prove Of thy affections keen; Thy heart the center of my love, And nought to intervene.

-For love is strong as death, jealousy is cruel as the grave:

Strong wings of holy love aloft

Bear up my foul afresh,

Which in sweet raptures dying soft

Forgets the clog of slesh.

While thus my heart does mounting fly
On this feraphic wing,
In love to thee, I kindly die
To ev'ry mortal thing.

As thy strong love, O Lord to me Could conquer death and dread; so does my ardent love to thee

The pow'r of death exceed...

It kills me, Lord; I can't resist.

This strong desire of mine;

If not with satisfaction blest,

To death, to death I pine.

Admit me, Lord, into thy heart,

Lest my heart jealous be
That either thine from me depart,

Or mine depart from thee.

Such

Such jealousy would fore torment And torture me to death; Like the devouring grave, intent To stop my vital breath.

-The coals thereof are coals of fire, which bath a most vehement slame.

These jealous flames will quite consume
My soul like burning fire;
Unless thy loving answer come
To suit my heart's desire.

My flaming heart does melt afresh,
If thou depart i' th' least;
Mine ardent zeal eats up my flesh,
Love-sickness pains my breast.

The sparks of servid love ascend
Like mounting slames on high;
With veh'ment force they heav'n-ward bend,
And pierce the azure sky.

O let thy bowels, Lord, be mov'd
To grant thy heart's defire:
I'd rather die than not be lov'd,
My heart is all on fire.

Verse 7. Many waters cannot quench love, neither can the floods drown it: if a man would give all the substance of his house for love, it would utterly be contemned.

No waves could quench thy love, which fat As king upon the flood, Of rolling vengeance vaftly great, And on a fea of blood.

Thus nor can many waters drown My flaming love to thee,

Nor torrents of turmoil beat down The zeal that burns in me.

In vain by flatt'ries or by fears

Do hell and earth combine,

To ovench the fire of love, that be

To quench the fire of love, that bears A stamp so much divine.

Defertion black, nor dev'l nor man, Nor air, nor earth, nor fea, Nor life, nor death, nor angels can Divorce my love from thee.

Were wealth to bribe my love, I could The golden bait disdain, Like despicable dung that would

Invade my heart in vain.

I cast contempt on suiters all That dare compete with thee,

And value thrones no more than thrall Should they thy rivals be.

Verse 8. We have a little fifter, and she hath no breasts, what shall we do for our sister, in the day when she shall be spoken for?

Since now, dear Lord, our mutual love
Is thus so deep imprest;
May I this access sweet improve,

That others may be bleft.

Our little fifter, Lord, to wit,
A barren Gentile race,
With all uncall'd, unfav'd as yet,
Tho' chosen by thy grace:

She little knowledge hath, we fee, No fashion'd breasts of love;

No principal of grace from thee, . Nor nurture from above.

No breafts of consolation sweet,

No word no means of grace;

No warm milk of instruction meet,

To feed her starving race.

What shall be done for her, I pray.

And for her progeny,

When they shall on the marriage-day

Be call'd to match with thee?

What for our fifter-church to come,
Which Jews or Greeks shall hatch;
To bring her to the marriage-room,
And carry on the march?

### CHRIST'S WORDS.

Verfe 9. If she be a wall, we will build upon her a palace of filver: and if she be a door, we will inclose her with boards of cedar.

With this our fifter dear
When by the gospel-call I woo,
And speak into her ear.

N

If once the good work were begun,.

As by my grace it shall;

And she by faith on me alone
Built up a brazen wall;

We'll make the wall a work complete, A filver palace fair \*,

A temple for my holy Spirit
To dwell for ever there.

If once I make her heart a door Wide ope to take me in;

We'll, as with cedar boards, secure:
And strengthen her within.

We Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, Will frame, advance, and crown,

The happy building at our cost, Which hell shall ne'er pull down.

Ev'n outcast Gentiles base, at length.
The wond'ring world shall see
In num'rous issue, beauty, strength,
And grandeur, rival thee.

# The CHURCH's Words.

Verse 10. I am a wall, and my breasts like towers: then was I in his eyes, as one that found favour.

Kind Lord how gladly do I hear Thy promise made to me, For elect sister-churches dear? I roll their care on thee.

Pfal. cxliv. 12.

My fweet experience clears thou wilt Thus kindly deal with them; For I'm a wall most firmly built And rear'd upon thy name.

Thou mak'st my breasts of graces grow:
Like iv'ry tow'rs so high;
I trust what love to me dost show,
To them thou won't deny,

When grace my unbelief destroy'd,
And on my rock me fix'd,
Thy favour then my foul enjoy'd,
With fweet love tokens mix'd.

Then did my life's deportment shew
Thine image on my heart;
And thou thyself with pleasure view
The grace thou didst impart.

I'm joyful when to mind I do
These happy days recall;
By grace was I built up and so
My little sister shall.

Verse 11. Solomon had a vineyard at Baalhamon, he let out the vineyard unto keepers: every one for the fruit thereof was to bring a thousand peices of silver.

Another object of my care,
Beside our sister dear,
Is likewise, Lord, thy vineyard fair,
Already planted here.

Our Solomon, the Prince of peace, A vineyard did posses,

And

And to a multitude did leafe, And let it out to drefs,

At Baal-hamon, where he plants Upon a fruitful foil,

And fervants with commission grants To keep it from turmoil.

He takes the care in chief, but they An under-trust maintain;

He wakes and keeps it night and day Else watchmen watch in vain.

For ev'ry fervant there employ'd

He still requires the rent

Of praise, for what they have enjoy'd,

A work to his content.

Each one for fruit that he affigns,
Proportion'd tribute brings,
And renders for a thousand vines
A thousand silverlings \*.

## CHRIST's Words.

Werse 12. My vineyard which is mine, is be-

My vineyard, love, the object is Of my peculiar care;

My heart and eye is fixt on this More close than any where.

'Tis mine by special right and grant, By blood and conquest too;

<sup>\*</sup> Ka. vii. 23.

The state and case of ev'ry plant Is always in my view.

My vineyard in my bosom set Has therein such a room,

A woman sooner can forget
The infant of her womb.

Tho' nature should her frame desert, And mothers monsters prove.;

Yet Zion dwells upon the heart Of everlasting love.

### The CHURCH's Words.

and those that keep the fruit thereof two hundred.

True, Lord the vineyard is thine own,
The charge is chiefly thine;
Yet under thee, thou hast made known,
The charge is also mine\*.

This vineyard of mine own, alas!

Of late I did neglect;

But now I will the trust (thro' grace)

More carefully inspect.

My graces, talents, time, and all
That I receive from thee
To husband, for thy service, shall
To be always in mine eye.

\*The preceeding part of this verse the already explained and applied to Christ, yet being reckoned by some to be the church's words, are here also refumed as hers.

The fruits of gratitude I'll bring, Which unto thee I owe:

The vineyards revenue, O King, Belongs to thee I know.

To thee a thousand-fold pertains; And when thou gett'ft thy due, To underkeepers for their pains,

Two hundred shall accrue.

Tho' none that labour in thy name Shall of thy praise partake; Yet what respect is due to them I'll render for thy fake.

## CHRIST's Words

Verse 13. Thou that dwellest in the gardens, the companions hear ken to thy voice: I cause me to bear it.

O thou, my bride, that lov'ft to haunt The gardens of my grace, And folemn inns where ev'ry faint Delights to fee my face.

I'm pleas'd thou careful keep for me The orchards of my love Until thy nobler mansion be The paradife above.

The faints, all thy companions dear, To focial worship bent, Are glad thy graceful words to hear,

And to thy voice intent.

I Or cause me to be heard,

Take this occasion in thy walk.

To cause me to be heard;

Make me the subject of thy talk,

My name to be rever'd.

And while they to thy voice give ear,

Cause me to hear it too,

By flying posts of secret pray'r,

Full freedom I allow.

Until the parting screen,
And range of hills 'twixt thee and me
No more shall intervene.

#### The CHURCH's WORDS.

Verse 14. + Make haste my beloved, and be thou like a roe, or to a young hart upon the mountains of spices.

Ah, Lord, communion with thee now-Is sweet but quickly o'er:

We must not part but with a view.
To meet again in glore.

Mean time, still let fresh news from thee (My foul from sloth to purge)

Effect thy hearing oft from me, As thou art pleas'd to urge.

But O make haste to bring me home.

To that delicious place,

Where fears and doubts can never come, Nor clouds to veil thy face.

Fly like a youthful hart or roe On speedy wings of love:

I languish while I fin below,
And long to fing above.

Tis good indeed to taste thy grace In gardens here below:

+ Heb. Fly away.

Bern Edward

But better far to fee thy face
Above where spices flow.

These balmy heights thy glory fills.
'Till the refreshing day:

But hafte, my love, upon the hills; Love cannot bear delay.

Thy fecond coming must be dear;
O my belov'd to me;

For, when thou shalt with clouds appear;,
I'll then be like to thee;

Thy foes that awful day may hate,
And view with fearful grudge;
But, free of dread, I long, I wait:

My love will be my judge.

I lardent pant with restless eyes.

To see thee face to face:

No less than glory can suffice:

The appetite of grace.

Each minute flowly wears

Till thy fwift chariot roll away

These rounds of tedious years.

No balfam can remede my fore,
"Till Jesus from on high
Shall cleave the starry plains, and o'ery
The crystal mountains fly.

Roll days and years out of the way?

Between my foul and thee.

O hast the confummation day;

Amen, so let it be.

19 SE 63

